

SAUDI FAS HOLDING COMPANY (A SAUDI CLOSED JOINT STOCK COMPANY)

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT FOR THE PERIOD FROM APRIL 1, 2022 TO DECEMBER 31, 2022

مراجعة | زكاة وضرائب | استشارات

(A SAUDI CLOSED JOINT STOCK COMAPANY)

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT FOR THE PERIOD FROM APRIL 1, 2022 TO DECEMBER 31, 2022

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

RSM هركة از اس ام المحاسبون المتحدون الإستشارات المهة

الرياض – حي العليا - طريق العروبة مبنى رقم ٢٩٣٣ ، الطابق الأول ص. ب ٢٣٣٠ ، الرياض - ١٣٣٣ هـ القدام ٢٣٣٠ فاكس: ١٤٦٦ ١١ ١١ ٢٦٠٠ فاكس: ١٤٦٩ ١١ ٢١٦٠٠ المملكة العربية السعودية www.rsmksa.com مر.ت ٢٣٠٧٧٧٧٠

To the Shareholders of Saudi FAS Holding Company (A Saudi Closed Joint Stock Company)

Report on the audit of the consolidated financial statements:

Opinion:

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of **Saudi FAS Holding Company** (and its subsidiaries collectively referred to as the "Group"), which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as of December 31, 2022, and the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated statement of cash flows for the period from April 1, 2022 to December 31, 2022, and accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Group as of December 31, 2022, and its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the for the period from April 1, 2022 to December 31, 2022 in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS's), that are endorsed in Kingdom of Saudi Arabia (KSA) and other standards and pronouncements that are endorsed by Saudi Organization for Chartered and Professional Accountants (SOCPA).

Basis for Opinion:

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISA's) that are endorsed in KSA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the international code of ethics for professional accountants (including international independence standards), that are endorsed in KSA, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with this code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Emphasis of Matters:

We would like to draw attention to the following:

- Note number (1) to the consolidated financial statements, which sets out the change in the Group's fiscal year from March 31 to be December 31 of each year. Accordingly, the comparative figures presented in the consolidated financial statements for comprehensive income, changes in equity, and cash flows are not comparable as they are prepared for the period from April 1, 2022 to December 31, 2022.
- Note (11)(A)(d) to the consolidated financial statement, which described that the Group has an investment in equity of Al-Madaen Star for Real Estate amounting to SR 68,259,597 but is owned by a related party. The management is in the process of transferring ownership in the name of the Group, the legal formalities relating to ownership have not completed as of period-end.
- Note (39) to the consolidated financial statements highlights the impact of changes in accounting policies outlined in Note (7) and provides details of a restatement to correct prior period errors.
- Note (6) to the consolidated financial statements which describes that Lands amounting to SR 131,520,000 have title deeds in name of the shareholders who have waived off their rights over this land. The legal procedures for transferring ownership of lands have not completed until the date of the report.

Our opinion is not modified in respect of above matters.

Other Matter:

The Group's consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2022 were audited by another auditor, who expressed an unmodified opinion on those consolidated financial statements on Jumada al-Awwal 10, 1444 H (corresponding to December 4, 2022).

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements:

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with IFRS's, that are endorsed in KSA, and other standards and pronouncements issued by SOCPA, and Regulation for Companies and the Company's By-Laws and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so

Those charged with governance, Board of Directors, are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONTINUED)

To the Shareholders of Saudi FAS Holding Company (A Saudi Closed Joint Stock Company)

Report on the audit of the consolidated financial statements (Continued):

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements:

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISA's will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISA's that are endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether was due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control;
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control;
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management;
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidenced obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern:
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation; and
- Obtain sufficient Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the Group's investments to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the Group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements:

Article 20 of the Companies Law requires that the auditor to include in his report what might come to his attention with respect to non-compliance of the provisions of the Companies Law or the Company's By-Laws. During the course of our current audit of the consolidated financial statements, we have noted non-compliance of the Companies Law, having no material impact on the consolidated financial statements, which consists of failure to prepare and deposit the Group consolidated financial statements in accordance with the relevant provisions in the Companies Law.

C.R. 403022877

RSM Allied Accountants Professional Services

Mohammed Bin Farhan Bin Nader

(License No. 435)

Riyadh, Kingdom of Saudi Arabia

Jumada al-Thani 29, 1446 H (Corresponding to December 31, 2024)

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(A SAUDI CLOSED JOINT STOCK COMAPANY)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2022

(SAUDI RIYAL)

	Notes	December 31, 2022	March 31, 2022	April 1, 2021
			(Restated - Note 39)	(Restated - Note 39)
ASSETS				
Non-current assets				
Property and equipment	6	2,165,064,002	2,222,080,582	2,869,051,127
Investment properties	7	24,489,678,599	25,399,062,348	26,385,395,274
Right of use assets	8 9	1,195,672,771	1,249,848,550	1,184,556,738
Goodwill and other intangible assets Equity accounted investments	9 10	1,585,663,962	1,583,814,249	1,399,174,041
Other investments	10	129,476,073 472,271,911	5,444,480 1,293,555,992	7,046,222 1,366,110,569
Accrued revenues	17	164,768,157	211,674,126	285,996,070
Derivative assets	12	42,171,235	34,698,040	203,770,070
Other non-current assets	15	24,818,172	17,500,000	45,187,472
Total non-current assets	13	30,269,584,882	32,017,678,367	33,542,517,513
Current assets				
Inventories	13	3,040,932,643	3,328,429,158	847,047,926
Trade receivables	14	456,002,267	300,181,650	286,033,378
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	15	555,806,235	490,444,550	476,322,831
Due from related parties	16	223,889,963	657,553,438	180,400,628
Receivable against disposal of subsidiaries		-	-	75,000,000
Accrued revenues – current portion	17	82,384,078	105,837,066	142,998,035
Cash and cash equivalents	18	875,867,614	740,735,085	1,156,108,177
Total current assets	_	5,234,882,800	5,623,180,947	3,163,910,975
Assets held-for-sale	7	405,880,057		4,674,647
TOTAL ASSETS		35,910,347,739	37,640,859,314	36,711,103,135
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES				
EQUITY				
Share capital	19	10,000,000	10,000,000	10,000,000
General reserves	20	3,000,000	5,000,000	5,000,000
Other reserves	21	(268,815,009)	(389,316,088)	(332,141,066)
Retained earnings		7,722,411,533	9,507,535,129	9,761,808,687
Total equity attributable to Parent Company	35	7,466,596,524	9,133,219,041	9,444,667,621
Non - controlling interests TOTAL EQUITY	33	3,295,802,289 10,762,398,813	3,063,343,984 12,196,563,025	2,946,112,586 12,390,780,207
-		10,702,590,015	12,170,303,023	12,370,700,207
LIABILITIES Non-current liabilities				
Loans and borrowings	22	13,304,212,774	13,354,811,576	14,905,080,505
Lease liabilities	8	3,117,548,855	4,177,495,169	4,025,499,692
Employees' defined benefits obligations	23	139,769,667	140,344,988	142,527,185
Deferred tax liability	27	13,419,580	15,287,169	8,447,163
Other non-current liabilities	24	67,392,514	121,373,767	143,425,743
Total non - current liabilities		16,642,343,390	17,809,312,669	19,224,980,288
Current liabilities	6	MER 405 00 7	001 004 004	1 020 020 022
Lease liabilities- current portion	8	757,195,906	881,804,206	1,029,938,002
Loans and borrowings - current portion	22	4,597,078,229	4,103,022,776	1,859,812,943
Due to related parties Unearned revenues	16 25	574,742,041 239,579,529	41,791,239 277,657,164	39,248,924 234,272,582
Trade payables	23	917,482,068	978,639,338	896,450,340
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities	26	1,226,644,589	1,153,322,316	796,335,750
Zakat and tax liabilities	27	192,883,174	198,746,581	145,356,186
Total current liabilities		8,505,605,536	7,634,983,620	5,001,414,727
Liabilities held for sale		-	- ,55 1,765,626	93,927,913
TOTAL LIABILITIES		25,147,948,926	25,444,296,289	24,320,322,928
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		35,910,347,739	37,640,859,314	36,711,103,135
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(A SAUDI CLOSED JOINT STOCK COMAPANY)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE PERIOD FROM APRIL 1, 2022 TO DECEMBER 31, 2022 (SAUDI RIYAL)

Continuing operations: Revenues 28 6,187,200,138 7,870,949,35 Cost of revenues 29 (3,842,990,406) (4,893,818,063 Gross profit 2,344,209,732 2,977,131,29 General and administrative expenses 30 (572,862,314) (676,977,617 Selling and marketing expenses 31 (197,849,185) (215,213,320 Depreciation of property and equipment 6 (137,706,145) (210,786,166 Continuing operations: (Restated - Note 39) Continuing operations: (Restated -
Revenues 28 6,187,200,138 7,870,949,35 Cost of revenues 29 (3,842,990,406) (4,893,818,063 Gross profit 2,344,209,732 2,977,131,29 General and administrative expenses 30 (572,862,314) (676,977,617 Selling and marketing expenses 31 (197,849,185) (215,213,320 Depreciation of property and equipment 6 (137,706,145) (210,786,166
Cost of revenues 29 (3,842,990,406) (4,893,818,063) Gross profit 2,344,209,732 2,977,131,29 General and administrative expenses 30 (572,862,314) (676,977,617) Selling and marketing expenses 31 (197,849,185) (215,213,320) Depreciation of property and equipment 6 (137,706,145) (210,786,166)
Gross profit 2,344,209,732 2,977,131,29 General and administrative expenses 30 (572,862,314) (676,977,617 Selling and marketing expenses 31 (197,849,185) (215,213,320 Depreciation of property and equipment 6 (137,706,145) (210,786,166
Selling and marketing expenses 31 (197,849,185) (215,213,320) Depreciation of property and equipment 6 (137,706,145) (210,786,166)
Selling and marketing expenses 31 (197,849,185) (215,213,320) Depreciation of property and equipment 6 (137,706,145) (210,786,166)
Depreciation of property and equipment 6 (137,706,145) (210,786,166)
Depreciation of right of use assets 7,8 (142,383,733) (287,741,812
Amortization of intangible assets 9 (26,480,551) (27,668,006)
Impairment loss on goodwill 9 - (70,533,770
Expected credit loss on trade receivables 14 (84,849,031) (59,045,147)
Operating profit 1,182,078,773 1,429,165,45
Share in results of equity-accounted investments 10 (3,308,946) (1,634,742)
Finance cost on loans and borrowings 32 (502,796,570) (601,075,494
Finance cost on lease liabilities 8 (145,910,742) (173,935,282
Finance income over derivatives 12 5,510,360 29,616,91
Gain on disposal of subsidiaries 36 13,382,572
Changes in fair value of other investments 11 4,076,350 (1,807,212
Net fair value gain/ (loss) on investment properties 7 60,964,677 (210,592,580)
Other income / (expenses) 33 29,589,820 (247,817,304
Profit for the period / year before zakat and tax 643,586,294 221,919,75
Zakat and tax 27 (80,369,733) (126,527,014)
Profit for the period/ year from continuing operations 563,216,561 95,392,74
Discontinued operations:
Loss from discontinued operations and assets held for sale (33,420,545) (3,616,485
Profit for the period / year 529,796,016 91,776,25
Profit for the period/ year attributable to:
Equity holders of the Parent company 304,748,761 (66,094,532
Non-controlling interests 225,047,255 157,870,79
529,796,016 91,776,25
Other comprehensive income items:
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss:
Remeasurement of employee's defined benefits obligations 23 4,757,066 11,619,43
4,757,066 11,619,43
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:
Changes in cash flow hedge 12 1,962,835 6,163,82
Movement of equity investments at FVOCI – net change in fair value 11 48,292,710 70,579,86
Cumulative foreign currency translation losses (1,000,017) (139,881,896
49,255,528 (63,138,209
Total other comprehensive income / (loss) for the period / year 54,012,594 (51,518,779
Total comprehensive income for the period / year 583,808,610 40,257,47
Total comprehensive income for the period/ year attributable to:
Equity holders of the Parent company 350,920,792 (123,269,554
Non-controlling interests 232,887,818 163,527,03
583,808,610 40,257,47

(A SAUDI CLOSED JOINT STOCK COMAPANY)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE PERIOD FROM APRIL 1, 2022 TO DECEMBER 31, 2022

(SAUDI RIYAL)

					Total Equity		
	Share capital	General reserves	Other reserves	Retained earnings	attributable to the equity holder of the Parent	Non-controlling interest	Total equity
For the year ended March 31, 2022							
Balance as of April 1, 2021 – Before restatement	10,000,000	5,000,000	(362,103,649)	2,263,695,370	1,916,591,721	1,337,993,663	3,254,585,384
Impact of restatements (Restated – Note 39)		-	29,962,583	7,498,113,317	7,528,075,900	1,608,118,923	9,136,194,823
Balance as of April 1,2021 (Restated – Note 39)	10,000,000	5,000,000	(332,141,066)	9,761,808,687	9,444,667,621	2,946,112,586	12,390,780,207
Profit for the year – (Restated – Note 39)	-	-	-	(66,094,532)	(66,094,532)	157,870,790	91,776,258
Other comprehensive loss for the year	-	-	(57,175,022)	-	(57,175,022)	5,656,243	(51,518,779)
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	(57,175,022)	(66,094,532)	(123,269,554)	163,527,033	40,257,479
Dividends (Note 40)	-	-	-	(188,179,026)	(188,179,026)	(148, 451, 516)	(336,630,542)
Changes in non-controlling interests						102,155,881	102,155,881
Balance as of March 31, 2022 (Restated - Note 39)	10,000,000	5,000,000	(389,316,088)	9,507,535,129	9,133,219,041	3,063,343,984	12,196,563,025
For the period from April 1, 2022 to December 31, 2022 Balance as of April 1, 2022 (Restated - Note 39)	10,000,000	5,000,000	(389,316,088)	9.507.535.129	9.133.219.041	3,063,343,984	12,196,563,025
Profit for the period	-	-	-	304,748,761	304,748,761	225,047,255	529,796,016
Other comprehensive income for the period	_	_	46,172,031	-	46,172,031	7,840,563	54,012,594
Total comprehensive income for the period	_	_	46,172,031	304,748,761	350,920,792	232,887,818	583,808,610
Transfer of foreign currency translation reserves to retained earnings on disposal of investments at FVOCI Transfer of fair value reserves to retained earnings on	-	-	129,941,316	(129,941,316)	-	-	-
disposal of investments at FVOCI	_	_	(55,612,268)	55,612,268	-	_	_
Changes in non-controlling interests	_	_		, ,-	-	81,209,142	81,209,142
Transfer from statutory reserves to retained earnings	-	(2,000,000)	_	2,000,000	-	-	-,,
Dividends (Note 40)	-	-	_	(2,017,543,309)	(2,017,543,309)	(81,638,655)	(2,099,181,964)
Balance as of December 31, 2022	10,000,000	3,000,000	(268,815,009)	7,722,411,533	7,466,596,524	3,295,802,289	10,762,398,813

(A SAUDI CLOSED JOINT STOCK COMAPANY)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE PERIOD FROM APRIL 1, 2022 TO DECEMBER 31, 2022

(SAUDI RIYAL)

	For the period from April 1, 2022 to December 31, 2022	For the year from April 1, 2021 to March 31, 2022
ODEDATING ACTIVITIES.		
OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Profit for the period/ year	529,796,016	91,776,258
Adjustments:	223,130,010	71,770,230
Depreciation and impairment of property and equipment	137,706,145	210,786,166
Depreciation of property and equipment of discontinued operations	7,506,856	,
Depreciation of right of use in investment property	5,550,331	16,669,319
Net fair value (gain)/ loss on investment properties	(60,964,677)	210,592,580
Depreciation of right of use assets	136,833,402	271,072,493
Depreciation of right of use assets discontinued operations	58,313,773	50,128,062
Amortization of intangible assets	26,480,551	27,668,006
Amortization of intangible assets discontinued operations	89,716	· · ·
Zakat and income tax	80,369,733	126,527,014
Adjustments in zakat	(28,941,676)	-
Current service cost for employees' defined benefits obligations	21,715,359	31,392,192
Finance cost over loans and borrowings	477,020,572	550,423,697
Finance cost related to employees' defined benefits obligations	3,626,935	4,228,634
Rental concession for leases	(26,254,275)	(32,555,860)
(Gain)/ loss on lease termination	(5,003,665)	(18,214,797)
Losses on lease reassessment	34,863,300	23,687,877
Finance cost related to lease liability	145,910,742	173,935,282
Finance cost related to lease liability discontinued operations	7,586,659	4,161,609
Loss on disposal of investment property	20,164,130	28,260,990
Share in results of associates	3,308,946	1,634,742
Amortization of transaction costs including write off	24,519,228	36,485,517
Losses for not exercising the right to buy back a land	-	251,335,562
Gain on disposal of other investment	(180,000)	-
Impairment and write off of property and equipment's	14,230,201	50,396,337
Impairment and write off intangible assets	9,800,000	70,533,770
Fair value (gain) / loss on investment at FVTPL	(4,076,350)	1,807,212
Finance income over derivatives	(5,510,360)	(29,616,914)
Provision charged on inventories	21,732,326	61,153,603
Expected credit loss on trade receivables	84,849,031	59,045,147
Changes in working capital:	A < 7 7 4 4 4 0 0	(4 50 404 000)
Inventories	265,764,189	(673,131,828)
Trade receivable	(240,669,648)	(73,193,419)
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	(72,679,857)	13,532,753
Due from / to related parties	(27,973,477)	(342,846,883)
Unearned revenue	(38,077,635)	43,384,582
Trade payables	(61,157,270)	82,188,998
Assets held for sale	-	4,674,647
Liabilities held for sale	(120.169.225)	(93,927,913)
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities Accrued revenues	(130,168,325) 70,358,957	278,886,754
		111,482,913
Cash generated from operating activities	1,486,439,883	1,624,365,102
Zakat and income tax paid	(38,848,752)	(72,289,833)
Employees' defined benefits obligation paid	(18,061,998)	(26,183,593)
Net cash flows from operating activities	1,429,529,133	1,525,891,676
INVESTING ACTIVITIES:	(255 454 905)	(222.002.002)
Purchase of property and equipment	(255,154,807)	(222,092,095)
Addition in intangible assets	(67,674,276) (744,929,385)	(201,918,438)
Additions to investment properties, net	(744,929,385)	(1,224,892,880)

(A SAUDI CLOSED JOINT STOCK COMAPANY)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED) **FOR THE PERIOD FROM APRIL 1, 2022 TO DECEMBER 31, 2022** (SAUDI RIYAL)

	For the period from April 1, 2022 to December 31, 2022	For the year from April 1, 2021 to March 31, 2022
INVESTING ACTIVITIES (CONTINUED):	(10-010-00)	
Additions in equity accounted investments	(127,340,539)	-
Additions of investment through FVTPL	(4,190,498)	-
Proceeds from disposal of investment through FVTPL	6,000,000	-
Additions of investment at FVOCI	(7,759,965)	
Disposal of investment properties	247,147,870	171,339,010
Disposal of other intangible assets	5,573,783	3,871,052
Net cash flows used in investing activities	(948,325,365)	(1,473,290,486)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Proceed of loans and borrowings	816,767,768	5,115,373,037
Payment of long-term borrowings, net of transaction cost	(391,282,349)	(4,402,589,877)
Finance cost paid	(327,511,227)	(494,375,861)
Transaction cost paid during the year net of deferred sukuk premium	(10,603,968)	(64,771,344)
Dividend paid	(81,638,655)	(148,451,516)
Changes in non-controlling interests	81,209,142	102,155,881
Lease liabilities paid	(487,177,199)	(556,599,315)
Net cash flows used in financing activities	(400,236,488)	(449,258,995)
Net changes in cash and cash equivalents during the period/ year	80,967,280	(396,657,805)
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(18,715,287)
Foreign currency exchange translation differences	54,165,249 740,735,085	
Cash and cash equivalents as at the beginning of the period/ year Cash and cash equivalents as at the end of the period/ year	740,735,085 875,867,614	1,156,108,177 740,735,085
	,,.	,,
Non-cash transactions: Dividends settled through shareholders account	2,017,543,309	188,179,026
Transfer of investment at FVOCI to shareholders		188,179,020
	857,328,116	-
Transfer of lease liability on subsidiary disposal	624,127,293	-
Disposal of subsidiary impact on Investment property Reassessment of lease liability in investment property	557,480,304 479,055,119	-
		02 622 614
Reassessment of lease liability	247,230,014	92,632,614
Reassessment of right of use assets	196,961,805 154,528,152	68,944,737 98,337,519
Property and equipments transfer to related parties Additions of Right of use and lease liabilities	123,419,267	475,114,640
Termination of lease liability	108,002,474	173,939,957
Termination of right of use assets	103,002,474	155,725,160
Transfer of right of use on subsidiary disposal	62,364,059	155,725,100
Transfer of right of use on subsidiary disposal Transfer of property and equipment on subsidiary disposal		-
Capitalized finance cost over lease liabilities for project under construction	28,072,452 25,865,912	37,989,657
Zakat transferred to related party	9,591,684	
Capitalized arrangement fees for project under construction	4,055,972	3,778,814 8,443,571
		6,443,371
Defined benefits obligations transferred with disposal of subsidiary	3,098,551	156 702 592
Transfer to intangible assets from project under construction	-	156,703,583
Transfer of investment properties from related party	-	85,039,100
Receivable from disposal of subsidiaries transferred to shareholders	-	75,000,000
Transfer from investment properties to development properties	-	1,869,403,007
Transferred from other receivables to investment in associate	-	33,000
Land closed against the debt instruments at depleted cost	-	400,000,000
Debt instruments at depleted cost closed against the land	-	148,664,438
Transfer from non-current assets to intangible	-	22,687,469
Transfer from intangible asset to related party	-	184,410,980
Additions in property and equipment on acquisition of subsidiary	-	136,361
Addition on acquisition of subsidiary in intangible assets	-	84,568,882
Addition on acquisition of subsidiary in zakat and tax	-	2,182,699

(A SAUDI CLOSED JOINT STOCK COMAPANY)

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD FROM APRIL 1, 2022 TO DECEMBER 31, 2022

1- GROUP INFORMATION

Saudi FAS Holding Company (the "Company "or the "Parent Company") is a Saudi Closed Joint Stock Company established in Riyadh, Kingdom of Saudi Arabia under commercial registration number 1010209391 dated Rabi Thani 13, 1426H (corresponding to May 21, 2005). The registered office of the Company is located at Ulisha District, building number 7930, Riyadh 12742, KSA.

The Company's objectives are to invest in other companies through holding a controlling position, trading in wholesale and retail of ready-made cloth, tents, shoes for men, women and children, textiles, perfumes, natural cosmetics, traditional jewelry, medical equipment, ornaments, import and export services for others, operate and maintenance for commercial and residential buildings, purchasing, investing in and developing lands and construction of buildings and roads, generating electric power, building hotels, residential units, furnished apartments, tourist centers and maintenance, management and operation of commercial, residential and entertainment centers.

Change in financial year end:

During the period, the financial year of all Group Companies was changed from March 31 to December 31. Accordingly, the current period amounts of the Group presented in consolidated statement of financial position, consolidated statement of comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity, consolidated statement of cash flows and the respective notes to the consolidated financial statements are for the period of nine months starting from April 1, 2022 to December 31, 2022, whereas, the corresponding comparative amounts are for the period of twelve months starting from April 1, 2021 to March 31, 2022, hence the above mentioned statements presented are not comparable.

The accompanying consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Saudi FAS Holding Company (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively, the "Group") in which they own more than 50% of the equity or have control over those subsidiaries and for the purposes of preparing these consolidated financial statements, all balances and significant related operations between the Group and these subsidiaries have been excluded and settled. The consolidated financial statements includes the following subsidiaries:

Direct and indirect

				Direct and indirect	
				ownersh	ip% (*)
			Country of	December	March 31,
Name of subsidiaries	Business activities	Notes	incorporation	31, 2022	2022
FAS Real Estate Company and its	Holding investment		KSA	100%	100%
subsidiaries	in real estate				
	companies	A			
Fawaz Abdulaziz Al Hokair & Company	Retail fashion		KSA	68.52%	69.20%
and its subsidiaries	garments	В			
SAAF International Company Limited	Construction and		KSA	100%	100%
	leasing				
Saudi Geant Company Limited	Wholesale trading and retail		KSA	100%	100%
Al Farida Real Estate Company Limited	Wholesale trading and retail		KSA	100%	100%
FAS Development Company Limited	Construction and				
(Previously My Home Company Limited)	leasing		KSA	100%	100%
Al Farida Information Technology			KSA	-	100%
Company	General contracting	C			
Alinma Dhahiat Al Riyadh Real Estate	Real estate		KSA	100%	100%
Fund	investment fund	D			
FAS Labs Holding Company and its	Holding investment		KSA	100%	100%
subsidiaries	Company	E			

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE PERIOD FROM APRIL 1, 2022 TO DECEMBER 31, 2022

1- GROUP INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

A. FAS Real Estate Company owns the following subsidiaries as of December 31, 2022 and March 31, 2022:

	C			Direct and indirect ownership% (*)	
Name of subsidiaries	Business activities	Notes	Country of incorporation	December 31, 2022	March 31, 2022
Arabian Centers Company and its subsidiaries	Construction and operation of malls	(i)	KSA	77.53%	78.38%
FAS Hospitality Company Limited and its subsidiaries	Construction and operation of hotels		KSA	100%	100%
Riyadh Hotels Company	Construction and operation of hotels		KSA	100%	100%
FAS Energy Trading Company and its subsidiaries	Investment in energy sector	(ii)	KSA	100%	100%

- (i) During the period, SAAF International Company Limited sold 2.2 million shares out of their shareholding in Arabian Centers Company for consideration of SR 45.4 million. Also, during the period, other Companies owned by shareholders, which have assigned their shares to the Group, sold further 1.8 million shares for consideration amounting to SR 39.3 million which resulted in reduction of ownership percentages from 78.38% to 77.53%. During the year ended March 31, 2022 SAAF International Company Limited sold 7.5 million shares out of their shareholding in Arabian centers for consideration of SR 157 million. Also, during the year ended March 31, 2022 FAS Real Estate Company sold further 1 million shares for consideration amounting to SR 22 million which resulted in reduction of ownership percentages from 79.95% to 78.38%.
- (ii) During the year 2021, the Group transferred one of its step subsidiary Fursy Energy Group LLC. Ukraine with its rights and obligations, to the ultimate shareholders of the Group at a net consideration of SR 3.9 million.
- B. Fawaz Abdulaziz Al Hokair & Company owns the following subsidiaries as of December 31, 2022 and March 31, 2022:

Dinact and indinact

				Direct and indirect	
				ownersh	ip% (*)
			Country of	December	March 31,
Name of subsidiaries	Business activities	Notes	incorporation	31, 2022	2022
Al Waheedah Equipment Co. Ltd. and its	Wholesale trading				
subsidiaries	and retail	(i)	KSA	100%	100%
Haifa B. Al Kalam & Partners Co. for	Wholesale trading				
Trading and its subsidiaries	and retail	(ii)	KSA	100%	100%
	Wholesale trading				
Saudi Retail Co. Ltd.	and retail		KSA	100%	100%
Wahba Trading Company Limited and its	Wholesale trading				
subsidiaries	and retail	(iii)	KSA	100%	100%
	Wholesale trading				
Retail Group Kazakhstan	and retail	(iv)	Kazakhstan	100%	100%
	Wholesale trading				
Nesk Trading Projects Company	and retail		KSA	100%	100%
	Wholesale trading		_		
Retail Group Egypt	and retail		Egypt	98%	98%
	Wholesale trading				
Retail Group Jordan and its subsidiary	and retail	(v)	Jordan	100%	100%
Innovative Union Company (IUC) and its	F 1 11		77.0 4	1000/	1000/
subsidiaries	Food and beverage	(vi)	KSA	100%	100%

- (i) Al Waheedah Equipment Co. directly and indirectly owns certain dormant subsidiaries in United Arab Emirates ("UAE").
- (ii) Haifa B. Al Kalam & Partners Co. for Trading directly and indirectly owns certain active subsidiaries in Georgia, Armenia, United States of America, Morocco and Balkan countries, and dormant subsidiaries in UAE and British Virgin Islands.
- (iii) Wahba Trading Company Limited directly and indirectly owns certain dormant subsidiaries in KSA and UAE.
- (iv) Retail Group Kazakhstan represents three entities namely Retail Management Kazakhstan, Fashion Retail Kazakhstan and Global Apparel Kazakhstan.

(A SAUDI CLOSED JOINT STOCK COMAPANY)

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE PERIOD FROM APRIL 1, 2022 TO DECEMBER 31, 2022

1- GROUP INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

- (v) During the year ended 31 March 2016, Fawaz Abdulaziz Al-Hokair & Co. established a Group in Republic of Iraq through Retail Group Jordan.
- (vi) Innovative Union Company Limited directly and indirectly owns certain active subsidiaries in KSA.
- C. During the period, the shareholders of Saudi FAS Holding Company, through resolution dated April 1, 2022 transferred 100% investment in Al Farida Information Technology Company in their own name effective from April 1, 2022.
- D. During the period from April 1, 2021 to March 31, 2022, the Group invested in a newly established private real estate fund named Alinma Dhahiat Al Riyadh Real Estate Fund. The Group signed an agreement with Alinma Investment Company to manage the fund. The units were subscribed by transfer of a parcel of land to the fund with a carrying value of SR 897.5 Million.
- E. During the year ended March 31, 2022, the Group invested in FAS LAB company on 03 May 2021 with investment amount of 153 million.
- (*) Indirect holdings are owned by the Company's shareholders and related parties who have assigned their shares in these investments for the benefit of the Company.

2- BASIS OF PREPARING THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2-1 Statement of compliance

These accompanying consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) that are endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia and other standards and pronouncements issued by Saudi Organization for Chartered and Professional Accountants (SOCPA).

The new Companies Law issued through Royal Decree M/132 on 1/12/1443H (corresponding to June 30, 2022) (hereinafter referred as "the Law") came into force on 26/6/1444 H (corresponding to January 19, 2023). For certain provisions of the Law, full compliance is expected not later than two years from 26/6/1444H (corresponding to January 19, 2023). The management is in process of assessing the impact of the new Companies Law and will amend its By-Laws for any changes to align the By-Laws to the provisions of the Law.

2-2 Basis of measurement

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, except when required by the IFRS using another measurement basis, as indicated in the in (Note 4) of summary of significant accounting policies. In addition, these consolidated financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting and the going concern concept.

2-3 Functional and presentation currency

These consolidated financial statements are presented in Saudi Riyal, unless otherwise indicated. Saudi Riyal is the main functional and presentation currency of the Group.

2-4 Going concern

As of the period end, the current liabilities exceeded the current assets of the Group by SR 3.26 billion (March 31, 2022: SR 2 billion).

However, management has prepared an assessment which covers at least 24 months from the reporting date and believes that sufficient cash flows will be generated via group subsidiaries. Moreover, shareholders have decided as per resolution dated Jumada al-Thani 7, 1444 AH (Corresponding to December 31, 2022), to continue the Group's operations, support and finance and pay its obligations when falls due. Accordingly, these consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the going concern principle.

2-5 Basis of consolidation for financial statements

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the group, the entities controlled by the group and its subsidiaries as mentioned in (Note 1) for the period from April 1, 2022 to December 31, 2022.

The Group reassesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the elements of control. The process of consolidating the financial statements of a subsidiary begins when the Group gains control of the subsidiary and ceases when the Group loses its power. To control the subsidiary. In particular, the income and expenses of a subsidiary acquired during the year are included in the consolidated statements from the date the Group obtains control until the date that the Group ceases to control the subsidiary.

(A SAUDI CLOSED JOINT STOCK COMAPANY)

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE PERIOD FROM APRIL 1, 2022 TO DECEMBER 31, 2022

2- BASIS OF PREPARING THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

2-5 Basis of consolidation for financial statements (Continued)

Control is achieved when the group has:

- The ability to control the investee;
- Is exposed to, or has rights to, volatile returns from its involvement with the investee business and the investee Group; and the
- Has the ability to use its control to influence investment returns.

In general, there is an assumption that the majority of voting rights lead to control. To support this presumption, when the Group has less than a majority of the voting or similar rights of an investee, the Group considers all relevant facts and circumstances when ascertaining whether it exercises control over an investee, and this includes:

- Contractual arrangements with other voting rights holders of the investee Group.
- Rights arising from other contractual arrangements.
- The potential voting rights held by the Group and other voting rights holders or third parties.

The consolidated statement of comprehensive income and each component of other comprehensive income attributable to the owners of the Group's and to the non-controlling interests. When necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies into line with the Group's accounting policies.

All intra-group assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows arising from intra-group transactions are eliminated in full on consolidation of the financial statements. Any change in ownership interests in the subsidiary, without loss of control, is treated as an equity transaction.

2-6 Business combination and goodwill

The acquisition accounting method is used to calculate the acquisition of subsidiaries. Acquisition cost is measured at the fair value of the asset granted or liabilities incurred or assumed at the acquisition date, plus costs directly attributable to the acquisition. The excess of the cost of acquisition over the fair value of the Group's share of the identifiable net assets acquired and liabilities assumed is recognized as goodwill.

Goodwill is tested annually for impairment and carried at cost less impairment losses, if any. Acquisition-related costs are expensed as incurred and included in administrative expenses.

When the Group acquires a business, it assesses the assumed financial assets and liabilities for appropriate classification and allocation in accordance with the contractual terms, economic conditions and relevant terms as at the acquisition date. This includes separating the derivatives embedded in the original contracts through the acquisition process. Any contingent consideration transferred by the purchaser is recognized at its acquisition date fair value. All contingent consideration (except that is classified as equity) is measured at fair value by changes in fair value in profit or loss. Contingent consideration classified as equity is not remeasured and subsequent settlement is accounted for within equity. Goodwill is initially measured as the excess of the cost of acquisition over the fair value of the Group's share of the identifiable net assets acquired and liabilities incurred. If the fair value of the net assets acquired is in excess of the total consideration transferred, the Group reassesses whether it has correctly identified all assets acquired and all liabilities assumed, and reviews the procedures used to measure the amounts to be recognized at the acquisition date. If the reassessment still results in an increase in the fair value of the net assets acquired over the total consideration transferred, the gain is recognized in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income as transaction acquisition gain. After initial recognition, goodwill is measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill acquired in a business combination is allocated, from the acquisition date, to each of the Group's cash-generating units ("CGUs") that are expected to benefit from the combination, regardless of whether other assets or purchase commitments are made. assigned to those units. When goodwill is allocated to a cash-generating unit and part of the operation within that unit is disposed of, the goodwill associated with the operation disposed of is included in the carrying amount of the operation when determining the gain or loss on disposal of the operation. Goodwill disposed of in these circumstances is measured based on the relative values of the operation disposed of and the portion of the cash-generating unit retained.

(A SAUDI CLOSED JOINT STOCK COMAPANY)

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE PERIOD FROM APRIL 1, 2022 TO DECEMBER 31, 2022

3- ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS, ESTIMATES AND ASSUMPTIONS

In preparing these consolidated financial statements, management has used judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of the Group's summary of significant accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the year in which the estimates are revised and in subsequent years affected by the revision.

Uncertain assumptions and estimates

The following are key assumptions regarding the future and other key sources of uncertainties estimated at the date of the preparing the consolidated financial statements that may have a significant risk of a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities during the next financial year. The Group made assumptions and estimates based on the indicators available at the date of preparing the consolidated financial statements. However, existing conditions and assumptions relating to future may change due to changes in the market or circumstances outside the control of the Group.

Going concern

The Group's management has assessed its ability to continue as a going concern and is satisfied that the Group has the resources to continue in business for the foreseeable future. Furthermore, management is not aware of any material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt upon the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. Therefore, the consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis.

Impairment reviews of non-financial assets

Assets with indefinite useful lives are tested for impairment at least annually, while assets with finite useful lives, are tested for impairment if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. Impairment testing is an area involving management judgement, requiring amongst other matters an assessment as to whether the carrying value of assets can be supported by the net present value of future cash flows derived from such assets using cash flow projections which have been discounted at an appropriate rate. In calculating the net present value of the future cash flows, certain assumptions are required to be made in respect of highly uncertain matters including management's expectations of:

- growth in earnings before commission, tax, depreciation and amortisation (EBITDA), calculated as adjusted operating profit before depreciation and amortisation;
- timing and quantum of future capital expenditure;
- long-term growth rates; and
- selection of discount rates to reflect the risks involved.

Changing the assumptions selected by management, in particular the discount rate and growth rate assumptions used in the cash flow projections, could significantly affect the Group's impairment evaluation and hence results.

Uncertain zakat and tax positions

The zakat and tax payable relate to the management's assessment of the amount of zakat and tax due on the open zakat and tax assessments as the Group still has to agree with the Zakat, Tax and Customs Authority on the amounts of the final obligations. Due to uncertainty associated with these zakat and tax clauses, it is possible that the final result will differ significantly when the final assessment is issued by the Zakat, Tax and Customs Authority in future periods.

Discount rate used to determine the carrying amount of the employees' defined benefit obligations

The determination of the employees' defined benefit obligations depends on certain assumptions, which include selection of the discount rate. The discount rate is set by reference to market yields at the end of the reporting period on high quality corporate bonds. Significant assumptions are required to be made when setting the criteria for bonds to be included in the population from which the yield curve is derived. These assumptions are considered to be a key source of estimation uncertainty as relatively small changes in the assumptions used may have a significant effect on the Group's consolidated financial statements within the next year.

Measurement of the fair value of financial instruments

When fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded in the consolidated statement of financial position cannot be measured based on quoted prices in active markets, their fair value is measured using valuation techniques including Discounted Cash Flow (DCF) model. The inputs to these models are taken from observable markets where possible, but where this is not feasible, a degree of judgement is required in establishing fair values. Judgements include considerations of inputs such as liquidity risk, credit risk and volatility. Changes in assumptions relating to these factors could affect the reported fair value of financial instruments.

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE PERIOD FROM APRIL 1, 2022 TO DECEMBER 31, 2022

3- ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS, ESTIMATES AND ASSUMPTIONS (CONTINUED)

Uncertain assumptions and estimates (continued)

Determining the lease term for contracts with renewal and termination option - the Group as a lessee

The Group determines the lease term as the non-cancellable term of the contract, with any periods that include the option to extend the contract whether the Group is certain to exercise the option to extend, or any periods that include the option to terminate the lease if the Group is certain that it will not exercise the option to terminate the contract reasonably.

The Group has several lease contracts that include extension and termination options. The Group applies judgments in assessing whether or not there is reasonable certainty to exercise the option to renew or terminate the lease. Thus, it considers all the relevant factors that create an economic incentive to exercise either the option of renewal or termination. After the commencement date, the Group reassesses the lease term and whether there is a material event or change in circumstances within its control that affects its ability to exercise (or not to exercise) a renewal or termination option (such as creating material improvements to leasehold properties or a material allocation of the leased asset).

Interest rate used to determine the carrying amount of the lease liabilities

The determination of the lease liabilities depends on certain assumptions, which include selection of the interest rate. The lease liability is initially measured at present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be readily determined, the Group's incremental borrowing rate. Generally, the Group uses its incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate. Significant assumptions are required to be made when setting the criteria for bonds to be included in the population from which the yield curve is derived. These assumptions are considered to be a key source of estimation uncertainty as relatively small changes in the assumptions used may have a significant effect on the Group's consolidated financial statements within the next year.

Calculation of expected credit loss allowance on trade receivables and other financial assets

When measuring ECL, the Group uses reasonable and supportable forward-looking information, which is based on assumptions for the future movement of different economic drivers and how these drivers will affect each other. Loss given default is an estimate of the loss arising on default. It is based on the difference between the contractual cash flows due and those that the lender would expect to receive, taking into an account cash flows from collateral and integral credit enhancements.

Probability of default constitutes a key input in measuring ECL. Probability of default is an estimate of the likelihood of default over a given time horizon, the calculation of which includes historical data, assumptions and expectations of future conditions.

Provision for slow moving inventory and shrinkage

Inventories are held at the lower of cost and net realizable value. When inventories become old or obsolete or subject to technological/market changes, an estimate is made of their net realizable value. Factors considered in determination of mark downs include current and anticipated demand, customer preferences and age of inventories as well as seasonal trends. For individually significant amounts this estimation is performed on an individual basis. Items which are not individually significant, but which are old or obsolete, are assessed collectively and a mark down provision applied accordingly to the inventory type and the degree of ageing or obsolescence, based on historical selling prices.

Economic useful lives and residual values of property and equipment & intangible assets

The Group's management determines the estimated useful lives of its property and equipment and intangible assets for calculating depreciation and amortization, respectively. These estimates are determined after considering the expected usage of the asset or physical wear and tear. Residual values are based on experience and observable data where available.

Fair value measurement of investment properties

Previously, the Group measured investment properties (including investment properties held under lease), subsequent to initial recognition at cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment in value. Land and projects under construction were not depreciated. Due to change in accounting policy, investment property (including investment properties held under lease) will be measured at fair value with any change therein recognized in profit or loss. In the case of property under construction, where the fair value is not reliably measurable, it is measured at cost less any impairment until either its fair value becomes reliably measurable or construction is substantially completed (whichever is earlier).

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE PERIOD FROM APRIL 1, 2022 TO DECEMBER 31, 2022

4- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The following is a summary of significant accounting policies applied by Group in preparing these consolidated financial statements:

Current / Non-current assets and liabilities Classification

The Group presents assets and liabilities in the consolidated statement of financial position based on current/non-current classification.

An asset is classified as current when it is:

- Expected to be realized or intended to sold or consumed in the normal operating cycle;
- Held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- Expected to be realized within twelve months after the date of consolidated financial position; or
- Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the date of consolidated financial position.

All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is current when:

- It is expected to be settled in the normal operating cycle;
- It is held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- It is due to be settled within twelve months after the date of consolidated financial position; or
- That there is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period of the consolidated statement of financial position.

All other liabilities are classified as non-current.

Fair value measurement

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- In the principal market for the asset or liability; or
- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability.

The Group must be accessible to use/reach to principal or the most advantageous market.

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset considers a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits from the asset's highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would utilize the asset in its highest and best use.

The Group uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximizing the use of relevant observable inputs and minimizing the use of unobservable inputs. All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the consolidated financial statements are categorized within the fair value hierarchy. This is described, as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- Level 1: Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2: Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable.
- Level 3: Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable.

For assets and liabilities that are recognized in the consolidated financial statements at fair value on a recurring basis, the Group determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorization (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each financial year.

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE PERIOD FROM APRIL 1, 2022 TO DECEMBER 31, 2022

4- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Property and equipment

Property and equipment are stated at cost, net of accumulated depreciation and / or accumulated impairment losses, if any. Lands are not depreciated. Such cost includes the cost of replacing parts of the property and equipment. When significant parts of property and equipment are required to be replaced at intervals, the Group recognizes such parts as individual assets with specific useful lives and depreciates them accordingly. Repair and maintenance costs are recognized in consolidated statement of comprehensive income as incurred.

Depreciation is calculated on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the property and equipment in years as follows:

Category	Useful life (in years)
Tools and equipment	4 – 15
Furniture and fixtures	4 - 15
Motor vehicles	4 - 6
Buildings	40 - 50
Leasehold improvements	5-15 (Shorter of economic life or lease term)

An item of property and equipment is derecognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is recognized in consolidated statement of comprehensive income when the asset is derecognized. The residual value, useful lives and methods of depreciation of property and equipment are reviewed at the end of each financial year and adjustments are made on a prospective basis, if required.

Project under construction

Assets that are still in the construction or development stage are capitalized in the capital work under construction account. An asset under construction or development is transferred to the appropriate category of property, plant and equipment when the asset is in the location and / or condition necessary to make it capable of operating as intended by management. The cost of projects under progress item consists of the purchase price, construction / development costs and any costs directly attributable to the construction of the asset or its acquisition by management.

The costs associated with the trial run of the asset (before it is ready for use) are capitalized net of proceeds from the sale of any production during the trial run period. Finance costs related to qualifying assets are capitalized as part of the cost of the qualifying assets until the start of commercial production. capital work under construction are measured at cost less any impairment recognized. Capital work under construction are not depreciated. Depreciation begins when the assets are capable of economically operating as intended by management after they have been transferred to the appropriate class of assets.

Investment properties

Investment property is a property held either to earn rental income or for capital appreciation or for both, but not for sale in ordinary course of business or for administrative functions. Investment property comprises freehold land and buildings on freehold land.

Investment properties are measured initially at cost, including transaction costs and where applicable borrowing costs. Transaction costs include transfer charges and professional fees for legal services to bring the properties to the condition necessary for it to be capable of operating.

During the period ended December 31, 2022, the Group has adopted the fair value model for subsequent measurement of its investment properties under IAS 40 as this reflects more relevant information considering the variability and changes in the underlying value of investment properties, represented by land. As required under IAS 8, the change in accounting policy has been applied retrospectively.

After initial recognition, investment properties are carried at fair value. The fair value is based on active market prices, adjusted, if necessary, for differences in the nature, location or condition of the specific asset. If this information is not available, the Group uses alternative valuation methods, such as recent prices on less active markets or discounted cash flow projections. Valuations are performed as of the consolidated financial position date by professional valuers who hold recognized and relevant professional qualifications and have recent experience in the location and category of the investment properties being valued. These valuations form the basis for the carrying amounts in the consolidated financial statements.

Subsequent expenditure is capitalized to the asset's carrying amount only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the expenditure will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance costs are expensed when incurred. When part of an investment property is replaced, the cost of the replacement is included in the carrying amount of the property and the fair value is reassessed.

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE PERIOD FROM APRIL 1, 2022 TO DECEMBER 31, 2022

4- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Investment properties (Continued)

Investment properties is derecognized either when it has been disposed of or when it is permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefits is expected from its disposal. The difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset is recognized in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income in the period of derecognition.

Transfers are made to/from investment properties only when there is a change in use. For a transfer from investment properties to owner-occupied property, the deemed cost for subsequent accounting is the fair value at the date of change in use. If owner occupied property becomes an investment property, the Group accounts for such property in accordance with the policy stated under property and equipment up to date the date of change in use.

Intangible assets

Intangible assets acquired separately are measured at initial recognition at cost. It represents the cost of intangible assets acquired in a business combination at their fair value at the acquisition date. After initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Internally developed intangible assets are not capitalized, except development costs, are capitalized and expenses are charged to a consolidated statement of comprehensive income for the year in which they are incurred. The useful lives for intangible assets are classified as "finite" or "infinite". For intangible assets with a finite useful life, they are amortized over the period of their economic useful life. Impairment in value in value is assessed when there is an indication of the probability of impairment in the value. The amortization period and the amortization method for intangible assets with finite useful life are reviewed at least at the end of each reporting period. Changes in the expected useful life or expected manner in order to take advantage of the future economic benefits implicit in the asset by chancing the period or amortization method, when necessary and is treated as changes in accounting estimates. Intangible assets with finite useful life are recognized in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income in the expense category in line with the function of those intangible assets. For intangible assets with an indefinite useful life, they are not amortized, but they are tested for impairment in value annually either individually or cash-generating unit (CGU) level. The assessment of the indefinite useful life is reviewed annually to determine whether the use of an indefinite useful life is still justified. In the case of the not continuing these justifications, the estimate of the useful life is changed to a finite useful life on a prospective basis.

Amortisation is calculated from the date the intangible assets are available for intended use. It is calculated on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the assets in years as follows:

Asset category	Useful life (in years)
Computer software	4 – 25
Key money	15
Deferred charges	15
Right of use concession arrangements - Solar plant	25
Trademarks Vogacloset	8
Trademarks	Indefinite
Web development cost	8
Customer related assets	4

Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives, including trademarks, are not amortized, but are tested for impairment annually, either individually or at the cash-generating unit level. The assessment of indefinite life is reviewed annually to determine whether the indefinite life continues to be supportable. If not, the change in useful life from indefinite to finite is made on a prospective basis. An intangible asset is derecognized upon disposal (i.e., at the date the recipient obtains control) or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising upon derecognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in the consolidated statement profit or loss.

In relation to right of use concession arrangements, the Group recognizes an intangible asset when it has a right to charge for use of the concession infrastructure. An intangible asset received as consideration for providing construction or upgrade services in a service concession arrangement is measured at fair value on initial recognition with reference to the fair value of the services provided. Subsequent to initial recognition, the intangible asset is measured at cost, which includes capitalized borrowing costs, less accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses. The estimated useful life of an intangible assets in a service concession arrangement is the period from when the Group is able to charge the public for the use of the infrastructure the end of the concession period.

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE PERIOD FROM APRIL 1, 2022 TO DECEMBER 31, 2022

4- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Goodwill

Goodwill represents the difference between the cost of businesses acquired and the Group's share in the net fair value of the recognized identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities at the date of acquisition. Goodwill is not amortized but it is tested for impairment annually, or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that it might be impaired and is carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses. Gains and losses on the disposal of an entity include the carrying amount of goodwill relating to the entity sold. Goodwill is allocated to cash-generating units for the purpose of impairment testing. The allocation is made to those cash-generating units or groups of cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the business combination in which the goodwill arose. The units or groups of units are identified at the lowest level at which goodwill is monitored for internal management purposes.

Equity accounted investment

Equity accounted investment includes investment in associates. Associates are those entities in which the Group has significant influence, but not control or joint control, over the financial and operating polices. Interest in associates accounted for using the equity method, initially recognized at cost, which includes transactions cost. Subsequent to initial recognition, the financial statements include the Group's share of the profit or loss and OCI of equity-accounted investees, until the date on which significant influence ceases.

When the Group's share of losses of an associate exceeds the Group's interest in that associate (which includes any long-term interests that, in substance, form part of the Group's net investment in the associate), the Group discontinues recognizing its share of further losses. Additional losses are recognized only to the extent that the Group has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate. If the associate subsequently reports profits, the Group resumes recognizing its share of those profits only after its share of the profits equals the share of losses not recognized.

Inventories

Inventories include merchandise and properties for development and sale

Merchandise

Merchandise including goods available for sale and goods in transit are stated at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Costs are assigned to individual items of inventory on the basis of weighted average costs. Costs of purchased inventory are determined after deducting rebates and discounts. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated costs necessary to complete a sale. Provision is made, where necessary, for obsolete, slow moving and defective stocks.

Properties for Development and sale

Properties for development and sale are properties that are being developed with a view to sell. The Group's properties for development arise when Group purchase properties with an intention to sale or when there is a change in use of investment properties evidenced by the commencement of development with a view to sale. The investment properties are reclassified as properties for development at their carrying amount at the date of their reclassification. They are subsequently carried at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less costs to complete development and selling expenses.

All properties for development are initially measured at acquisition cost and subsequently measured and accounted for lower of cost and net realizable value. This principally consists of projects under progress and land parcels for development in the ordinary course of business, rather than to be held for rental or capital appreciation. Cost comprises all directly attributable cost including land cost, direct material cost, direct labor costs borrowing costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the properties for development to their present location and condition. Cost is calculated using the average method. Impairment is tested incurred in bringing the properties for development to their present location and condition. Cost is ca comparing with net realizable value, which represents the estimated selling price less all estimated costs completion and selling costs to be incurred.

Trade receivables

Trade receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. After the initial measurement, in accordance with IFRS 9 Financial Instruments, these financial assets are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method, less any impairment. Amortized cost is calculated by taking into consideration any discount or premium on acquisition, fees or costs that are an integral part of the effective interest rate method. The effective interest rate method amortization is included in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income. The losses arising from impairment are included in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE PERIOD FROM APRIL 1, 2022 TO DECEMBER 31, 2022

4- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Impairment of non-financial assets

The Group assesses at the date of preparing the consolidated financial statements whether there is an indication that the value of an asset may be impaired. If any such indication exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required, the Group estimates the asset's recoverable amount. The recoverable amount of an asset is the fair value of the asset or cash-generating unit (CGU) less cost to sell or the value in use of the asset, which is higher. It is specified for a single asset unless the asset generates cash flows that are not significant independent of the flows generated by other assets or Group of assets and the carrying amount of an asset or cash-generating unit exceeds (CGU) its recoverable amount, the value of the asset must be decreased to its recoverable amount.

In determining value in use, the future cash flows deducted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects market assessments of the time value of money and the risks related to the asset.

In determining fair value less costs to sell, new market transactions are considered, when available, or an appropriate valuation model is used. These values are verified by comparing them with the valuation multiples and the prices of the listed shares of the subsidiaries offered for public trading or through any other fair value indicators.

In calculating impairment, the Group relies on detailed budgets and discretionary accounts that are prepared consolidatedly for each cash-generating unit (CGU) of the Group to which the individual assets are allocated. These detailed budgets and discretionary accounts usually cover five years. To cover longer periods, a long-term growth rate is calculated and applied to the project's future cash flows after the fifth year.

Impairment losses from continuing operations are recognized in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income within the expenses appropriate to the function of the assets that have impaired.

An assessment is made at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication that previously recognized impairment losses for non-financial assets, other than goodwill, no longer exist or have decreased. The reversal of the impairment loss is recognized in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

Derivative financial instruments

Derivative financial instruments including interest rate swaps are measured at fair value. All derivatives are carried at their fair value as assets where the fair value is positive and as liabilities where the fair value is negative. Any related transaction costs are recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income as incurred. Fair values are obtained by reference to quoted market prices, discounted cash flow models and pricing models, as appropriate.

Subsequent to initial recognition, any change in fair value is recognized on the basis of hedge accounting in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

The Group designates its derivatives as hedging instruments in qualifying hedging relationships to manage exposures to interest rate risks, including exposures arising from highly probable forecast transactions and firm commitments. In order to manage particular risk, the Group applies hedge accounting for transactions that meet specific criteria.

Prepaid expenses and other current assets

Prepaid expenses and other current assets are recognized with the amounts paid to the service providers against services that will be received in the future, or amounts paid to external parties and will be refunded in the future.

Transactions with related parties

Transactions with related parties represent transfer of resources, services, or obligations between related parties. Terms and conditions related to related party transactions are approved by management.

Accrued revenues

Accrued revenues is the Group's right to consideration for services rendered to a customer. If the Group transfers the goods or services to the customer before he pays the consideration or before the payment is due, the original contract is recognized against the earned part of the consideration that is still conditional.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents in the consolidated statement of financial position consist of cash at banks, cash in hand and cheques under collection.

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE PERIOD FROM APRIL 1, 2022 TO DECEMBER 31, 2022

4- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Assets held-for-sale

Non-current assets, or disposal groups comprising assets and liabilities, are classified as held-for sale if it is highly probable that they will be recovered primarily through sale rather than through continuing use.

Such assets, or disposal groups, are generally measured at the lower of their carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell. Any impairment loss on a disposal group is allocated first to goodwill, and then to the remaining assets and liabilities on a pro rata basis, except that no loss is allocated to inventories, financial assets, deferred tax assets, employee benefit assets, investment property or biological assets, which continue to be measured in accordance with the Group's other accounting policies. Impairment losses on initial classification as held-for-sale or held-for distribution and subsequent gains and losses on remeasurement are recognized in consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

Once classified as held-for-sale, intangible assets and property and equipment are no longer amortized or depreciated, and any equity-accounted investee is no longer equity accounted.

Borrowings

Borrowings are recognized initially at the transaction price (that is, the present value of cash payable to the bank, less attributable transaction costs). Borrowings are subsequently stated at amortized cost. Interest expense is recognized on the basis of the effective interest method and is included in finance costs. Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Group has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs that are directly attributed to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalized as part of the cost of the respective asset. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they occur. Borrowing costs consist of finance and other costs that an entity incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds.

Employees' defined benefits obligations

The employees defined benefits obligations were measured using the projected unit credit method. Remeasurement, which consists of actuarial gains and losses, is recognized immediately in the consolidated statement of financial position and in retained earnings through other comprehensive income in the period in which it occurs. Remeasurement is not reclassified to the consolidated statement of comprehensive income in subsequent periods.

End of service payments are based primarily on employees' final salaries, allowances and cumulative years of service, as described in the Saudi Arabian Labor Law.

Deferred taxes

Deferred tax is provided for foreign subsidiaries, using the liability method, on all temporary differences at the reporting date between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on laws that have been enacted in the respective countries at the reporting date.

Deferred tax assets are recognized for all deductible temporary differences and carry-forward of unused tax assets and unused tax losses to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences and the carry-forward of unused tax assets and unused tax losses can be utilized.

The carrying amount of deferred income tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilized.

Account payables

These amounts represent liabilities related to goods and services provided to the Group before the end of the financial year that have not been paid, and are considered unsecured. Account payables are presented as current liabilities unless payment is not due within 12 months after the consolidated statement of financial position date, and are initially recognized at their fair value and subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method.

Accrued expenses and other current liabilities

Accrued expenses and other current liabilities are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been received or provided, whether submitting bills or formally agreed upon with the supplier or not.

Unearned revenues

Unearned revenues are obligations to transfer goods or services to a customer in exchange for consideration received (or consideration due) from the customer. If the customer pays the consideration or the company has an unconditional right to an amount of consideration before the Group transfers the goods or service to the customer, the Group shall record the consideration as unearned revenue when the payment is made or when the payment is due, whichever comes first. Unearned revenue is recognized as revenue when the Group fulfills its obligations under the contract.

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE PERIOD FROM APRIL 1, 2022 TO DECEMBER 31, 2022

4- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Leases

The determination of whether an agreement constitutes or contains a lease depends on the substance of the agreement at its inception date. The agreement represents or includes a lease if its fulfillment depends on the use of a specific asset or assets, or that the agreement grants the right to use a specific asset or assets even if this right is not expressly stated in the contract.

Group as a lessee

The lease is recognized as a right-of-use asset with its corresponding obligations on the date that the leased asset is ready for use by the Group. Each lease payment is allocated between the obligation and the financing cost.

The finance cost is recognized in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income over the lease term. Right-of-use assets are depreciated over the useful life of the asset and the lease term, whichever is shorter, and on a straight-line basis.

Right-of-use assets are initially measured at cost and consist of the following:

- The initial measurement amount of the lease obligation,
- Any lease payments made on or before the lease commencement date minus any lease incentives received,
- Any initial direct costs, and
- Recovery costs, when applicable.

Lease liabilities contracts

On the inception date of the lease, the Group records the lease obligations measured at the present value of the lease payments made over the term of the lease. Lease payments include fixed payments (including substantially fixed payments) less any lease incentives receivable and variable rent payments based on an index or rate, and amounts expected to be paid under residual value guarantees.

The lease payments include the price to exercise the purchase option when there is reasonable certainty that the Group will exercise it and payments for penalties for canceling the lease if the terms of the lease provide for the Group to exercise the option to cancel. For variable lease payments that are not dependent on an index or rate, they are recorded as an expense in the period in which the payment is made.

Lease payments are discounted using the interest rate included in the lease or the Group increased borrowing rate.

Short-term leases and impaired lease contracts

Short-term leases are contracts with a lease term of 12 months or less. Impaired assets are items that do not meet the Group capitalization limits and are not material to the Group consolidated statement of financial position as a whole. Payments for short-term lease contracts and lease contracts with low value assets are recognized on a straight-line basis in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

Financial instruments

Financial instrument is a contract creates financial assets for one entity and financial liabilities and equity for another entity.

Financial assets

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets are classified on initial recognition as being subsequently measured at amortized cost, at fair value through comprehensive income, or at fair value through profit or loss.

All financial assets are recognized on initial recognition at fair value plus transaction costs, unless the financial assets are recorded at fair value through profit or loss.

Subsequent measurement

The measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification, as described below:

Financial assets at amortized cost

After initial measurement, those financial assets are measured at amortized value using the effective interest rate method and are subject to impairment. Gains or losses are recognized in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income when the asset is disposed of, or modifications are made, or impairment on value. Financial assets at amortized cost in the Group consist of cash and cash equivalents, accrued revenues, trade receivables, due from related parties and current and non-current assets.

Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

Gains and losses arising from investments in equity instruments carried at fair value through other comprehensive income are not reclassified to profit or loss. Dividends are recognized as other income in the statement of profit or loss when the right to receive is initiated, unless these collections represent return part of the cost of the financial asset, in such case, these distributions are stated in other comprehensive income. There is no impairment test for equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income.

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE PERIOD FROM APRIL 1, 2022 TO DECEMBER 31, 2022

4- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets held within a different business model other than "hold for collection" or "hold for collection and sale" and financial assets which contractual cash flows are not limited to principal payments and accrued interest are measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The fair value of financial assets in this category is determined by reference to active market transactions or by using a valuation technique when there is no active market.

Derecognition of financial asset

Financial asset is derecognized only when:

- Contractual rights in the cash flows of a financial asset expire; or
- The Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has committed to pay the cash flows in full without delay to a third party through a "transfer" agreement, and whether (a) the Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset or (b) the Group has neither transferred nor retained a substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but it has transferred its right to control it.

If the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a transfer agreement, it assesses to what extent it retains the risks and rewards associated with the asset. An asset is recognized to the extent that the Group's relationship with it continues if it has neither transferred nor retained all the risks and benefits associated with the asset nor transferred its right to control it. In that case, the Group also recognize the liabilities related to that assets. The transferred asset related liabilities are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Group has recognized. Continuing relationship that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount that the Group can be required to repay whichever is less.

Impairment in the value of financial assets

The Group recognizes an allowance for expected credit losses for all debt instruments not carried at fair value through the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

The provision for expected credit losses is recognized in two stages. For a credit exposure that has not experienced a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, expected credit losses are recognized for the credit risk arising from a potential default within 12 months (12-month expected credit losses). For a credit exposure that has experienced a significant increase in credit risk since the initial recognition, an allowance for expected credit losses must be recognized over the remaining life of the exposure, regardless of the timing of default (lifetime expected credit losses). The Group applies a simplified approach to the calculation of expected credit losses. Therefore, the Group has used a provision matrix that is based on its historical experience of credit losses, which has been adjusted for future factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment.

Financial liabilities

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are classified on initial recognition, as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, or loans and account payables, or as financial derivatives that are used as hedging instruments for covering risks. All financial liabilities are initially recognized at fair value and in the case of loans, advances and account payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

Subsequent measurement

The subsequent measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification as follows:

Loans and advances

After initial recognition, loans and advances are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method. The gain or loss is recognized in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income when the obligations are derecognized, as well as through the process of amortizing the effective interest rate.

Derecognition of financial liabilities

Financial obligations are derecognized when the obligation is paid, canceled or the obligation under the contract expires.

Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset, and the net amount is reported in the consolidated statement of financial position, when the Group has a legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts and the Group intends either to settle on net basis, or to realize the assets and to settle the liabilities simultaneously.

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE PERIOD FROM APRIL 1, 2022 TO DECEMBER 31, 2022

4- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Contingent liabilities

Contingent liabilities are disclosed when the Group has a contingent liability as a result of past events, the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events that are not entirely within the control of the Group; or the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation that arises from past events, but it is not probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, or the amount of the obligation cannot be measured with sufficient reliability.

Provisions - General

Provisions are recognized when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

Where the Group expects some or all of a provision to be reimbursed, for example under an insurance contract, the reimbursement is recognized as a consolidated asset but only when the reimbursement is virtually certain. The expense relating to a provision is presented in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income net of any reimbursement.

If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects, when appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognized as a finance cost.

Revenue recognition

The following are the description of accounting policies for principal activities, from which the Group generates revenue:

Revenue from sale of goods

Sales in retail outlets

Sales are recognized when the customer takes possession of the product sold by the Group. Payment of the transaction price is due immediately when the customer purchases the product.

Sales are measured based on the consideration specified in the contract with a customer excluding amounts collected on behalf of third parties, if any. Sales exclude Value Added Tax (VAT) collected. Sales are shown in the consolidated statement of profit or loss net of returns and any discounts given.

The Group's return policy grants customers the right of return within three to seven days in normal sales and one day in the case of promotional sale with certain requirements and certain exceptions.

Online sales

Sales are recognized when the products are delivered to the customers by the shipping agent. Payment of the transaction prices is normally received upon or before placing online orders and recognized as a liability until the recognition of sales.

For all types of sales, historical experience suggests that the amount of returns accordingly, no refund liability is recognized at the time of sale. The validity of these conclusions is assessed totally immaterial and each reporting date. If the returns pattern changed, the Group would recognize a refund liability and corresponding asset (right to the returned goods) for products expected to be returned, with revenue and related cost of sales adjusted accordingly.

In all the above types, the stated price is the transaction price, and the Group does not have contracts where period between the transfer of the promised goods to the customer and payment by the customer exceeds one year, and as a result, the Group does not adjust transaction prices for the time value of money

Rental income

The Group is the lessor for various operating leases. Rental income arising from operating leases on investment property is accounted for on a straight-line basis over the lease terms and is included in revenue in the consolidated statement of profit or loss due to its operating nature, except for contingent rental income which is recognized when it arises. Accrued revenue is recognized to the extent that the revenue has been earned but not yet billed.

Tenant lease incentives including rental discounts are recognized as a reduction of rental revenue on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease. The lease term is the non-cancellable period of the lease together with any further term for which the tenant has the option to continue the lease, where, at the inception of the lease, the management are reasonably certain that the tenant will exercise that option.

Amounts received from tenants to terminate leases or to compensate for dilapidations are recognized in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income when the right to receive them arises.

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE PERIOD FROM APRIL 1, 2022 TO DECEMBER 31, 2022

4- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Revenue recognition (Continued)

Service charges, management charges and other expenses recoverable from tenants

Income arising from expenses recharged to tenants is recognized in the period in which the compensation becomes due. Service and management charges related to repairs and maintenance of the building facilities and other such receipts are included in revenue while the related costs, which are included as part of cost of revenue, as the management considers that the Group acts as a principal in this respect. Service charges related to utilities for heavy users are presented net of the related costs and are recorded as part of "commission income on provisions for utilities for heavy users, net" under revenue in the consolidated statement of profit or loss, since the management considers that the Group acts as an agent in this respect.

Revenue from rendering of services

Revenue is recognized at the transaction price that is allocated to the performance obligation. Revenue primarily includes room revenue, and banquet services which is recognized once the rooms are occupied, and banquet services have been provided as per the contract with the customer.

In addition to above, revenue for laundry, communication, health club, airport transfers and other allied services has been recognized by reference to the time of service rendered.

Turnover rent

The Group recognizes income from turnover rent on the basis of audited turnover reports submitted by the tenants. In the absence of audited reports, management makes its own assessment about the tenants achieving or exceeding the stipulated turnover in the lease contracts based on their historical performance.

Service concession arrangements

Revenue related to construction or upgrade services under a service concession arrangement is recognized over time, consistent with the Group's accounting policy on recognizing revenue on construction contracts. Operation service revenue is recognized in the period in which the services are provided by the Group. If the service concession arrangement contains more than one performance obligation, then the consideration received i allocated with reference to the relative stand-alone selling prices of the services delivered.

Principal versus agent consideration

The Group has evaluated its arrangements determine whether it is a principal, and report revenues on a gross basis, or an agent, and report revenues on a net basis. In this assessment, the Group has considered if it has obtained control of the specified services before they are transferred to the customer, as well as other indicators such as the party primarily responsible for fulfilment, inventory risk and discretion in establishing price. The Group has concluded it is the principal in all of its revenue arrangements (except for service charges related to utilities for heavy users-as discussed in the previous section) since it is the primary obligor, it has pricing latitude and is also exposed to credit risks.

Finance income

Finance income is recognized using the Effective Interest Rate ("EIR") method. When a receivable is impaired, the Group reduces the carrying amount to its recoverable amount, being the estimated future cash flow discounted at the original EIR of the instrument and continues unwinding the discount as finance income. Finance income on impaired loans is recognized using the original EIR.

Dividend and other income

Dividend income from investments is recognized when the Group's rights to receive payment have been established. All other incomes are recognized on an accrual basis when the Group's right to earn the income established.

Foreign operations

The assets and liabilities of foreign operations (none of which has the currency of a hyperinflationary economy) are translated at exchange rates at the reporting date. The income and expenses of foreign operations are translated to Saudi Riyals at exchange rates at the average exchange rates (unless this is not a reasonable approximation of the cumulative effect of the rates prevailing on the transaction dates, in which case income and expenses are translated at the dates of the transactions).

Foreign currency differences arising on foreign operations are recognized in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the translation reserve, except to the extent that the translation difference is allocated to noncontrolling interest.

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE PERIOD FROM APRIL 1, 2022 TO DECEMBER 31, 2022

4- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Foreign currency

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recorded at the functional currency rate ruling at the date that the transaction qualifies for recognition. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated into the functional currency at the rate ruling at the date of the consolidated financial statements. All differences arising from settlement or transactions on monetary items are recorded on consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated primarily at the exchange rate ruling at the dates of the transactions. Non-monetary items in a foreign currency that are measured at fair value are translated at the currency rate ruling at the date when their fair value was determined.

Gains or losses arising from the translation of non-monetary items measured at fair value are treated in line with the recognition of gains and losses arising from a change in the fair value of that item. (That is, translation differences for items whose fair value gains and losses are recognized in the consolidated statement of other comprehensive income, and items whose fair value gains and losses are recognized in consolidated statement of comprehensive income).

Zakat and income tax

The Group is subject to the Regulations of the Zakat, Tax, and Customs Authority ("ZATCA") in KSA. Zakat is provided on an accrual basis and is computed and charged based on zakat base. Adjustments if any are made to the zakat provision when the final assessments are obtained from the ZATCA.

For subsidiaries outside KSA, provision for corporate tax is computed in accordance with tax regulations of the respective countries and charged to the consolidated statement of profit or loss. It is recognized in profit or loss except to the extent that it relates to items recognized directly in equity or in OCl.

Value added tax

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognized net of the amount of value added tax, except:

- Where the value added tax incurred on a purchase of assets or services is not recoverable from the taxation authority, in which case, the value added tax is recognized as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense item, as applicable.
- Receivables and payables are stated with the amount of value added tax included.

 The net amount of value added tax recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is included as part of other account receivables or other account payables in the consolidated statement of financial position.

Expenses

Direct cost incurred during the period includes the costs of goods sold, direct labor, governmental charges, and other overheads related to the revenues recognized.

Selling and marketing expenses principally comprise of costs incurred in marketing, promotion and advertisement. All other expenses are classified as general and administration expenses.

General and administration expenses include expenses not specifically part of the cost of revenue and promotion and advertising expenses. Allocations between general and administration expenses and cost of revenue, when required, are made on a consistent basis.

Finance income and finance cost

Finance income includes interest income which is recognized as it accrues in consolidated statement of comprehensive income, using the effective interest method.

Finance costs comprise of commissions on term loans, amortization of transaction costs including write offs, bank charges for loan facilities and other financing costs.

Foreign currency gains and losses are reported on a net basis.

Dividends

Dividends are recognized in the consolidated financial statements for the period that are approved by the shareholders in general assembly.

Subsequent events

Financial statements are affected by subsequent events that require an amendment to the consolidated financial statements while it is disclosed subsequent events that do not require an amendment of the consolidated financial statements.

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE PERIOD FROM APRIL 1, 2022 TO DECEMBER 31, 2022

5- NEW STANDARDS, AMENDMENTS AND INTERPRETATIONS

5.1 New Standards, Amendments to Standards and Interpretations

The Group has adopted the following new standards and amendments for the first time that are effective from January 1, 2022:

Amendments to IFRS 3, IFRS 9, IAS 16 and IAS 37

IFRS 3 "Business Combinations" update a reference in IFRS 3 to the Conceptual Framework for Financial Reporting without changing the accounting requirements for business combinations.

IFRS 9 "Financial Instruments – '10%' test fee" for derecognition of financial liabilities in which the amendment to IFRS 9 "Financial Instruments" clarifies the fees that the Group includes when assessing whether the terms of a new or modified financial liability is materially different from the terms of the original financial liability. These fees include only fees paid or received between the borrower and the lender including fees paid or received by the borrower or lender on behalf of the other. The entity applies the amendment to financial liabilities that are modified or exchanged at or after the beginning of the annual reporting period in which the entity first applies the amendment.

IAS 16, "Property, Plant and Equipment" prohibits the Group from deducting from the cost of property, plant and equipment amounts received from selling items produced while the Group is preparing the asset for its intended use. Instead, the Group will recognise such sales proceeds and related cost in the statement of comprehensive income.

IAS 37, "Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets" specify which costs a Group includes when assessing whether a contract will be loss-making.

The adoption of above amendments does not have any material impact on the consolidated financial statements during the year.

5.2 Standards issued but not yet effective

Following are the new standards and amendments to standards which are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023 and earlier application is permitted; however, the Group has not early adopted them in preparing these consolidated financial statements.

Amendments to IAS 1 and IFRS Practice Statement 2 "Disclosure of Accounting Policies"

The amendments require that an entity discloses its material accounting policies information, instead of its significant accounting policies.

Amendments to IAS 1 "Presentation of Financial Statements", on the classification of liabilities

These narrow-scope amendments to IAS 1, "Presentation of financial statements", clarify that liabilities are classified as either current or non-current, depending on the rights that exist at the end of the reporting period. Classification is unaffected by the expectations of the entity or events after the reporting date (for example, the receipt of a waiver or a breach of covenant). The amendment also clarifies what IAS 1 means when it refers to the 'settlement' of a liability.

Amendments to IAS 8 "Definition of Accounting Estimates"

The amendments replace the definition of a change in accounting estimates with a definition of accounting estimates. Under the new definition, accounting estimates are "monetary amounts in financial statements that are subject to measurement uncertainty". Entities develop accounting estimates if accounting policies require items in financial statements to be measured in a way that involves measurement uncertainty. The amendments clarify that a change in accounting estimate that results from new information or new developments is not the correction of an error.

Amendment to IAS 12 "Income Taxes" – deferred tax related to assets and liabilities arising from a single transaction

The amendments clarify that the initial recognition exemption does not apply to transactions in which equal amounts of deductible and taxable temporary differences arise on initial recognition.

Amendments to IAS 1 "Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-Current" and "Non-current Liabilities with Covenants"

The amendments aim to promote consistency in applying the requirements by helping companies determine whether, in the statement of financial position, debt and other liabilities with an uncertain settlement date should be classified as current (due or potentially due to be settled within one year) or non-current. The amendment also clarifies how conditions with which an entity must comply within twelve months after the reporting period affect the classification of a liability.

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE PERIOD FROM APRIL 1, 2022 TO DECEMBER 31, 2022

5- NEW STANDARDS, AMENDMENTS AND INTERPRETATIONS (CONTINUED)

5.2 Standards issued but not yet effective (Continued)

Amendments to IFRS 16 "Lease Liability in a Sale and Leaseback"

The amendment clarifies how a seller-lessee subsequently measures sale and leaseback transactions that satisfy the requirements in IFRS 15 to be accounted for as a sale.

Amendments to IAS 7 and IFRS 7 "Supplier Finance Arrangements"

The amendments add disclosure requirements, and 'signposts' within existing disclosure requirements, that ask entities to provide qualitative and quantitative information about supplier finance arrangements.

Amendments to IAS 21 "Lack of Exchangeability"

The amendments contain guidance to specify when a currency is exchangeable and how to determine the exchange rate when it is not.

IFRS S1 "General Requirements for Disclosure of Sustainability-related Financial Information"

IFRS S1 sets out overall requirements for sustainability-related financial disclosures with the objective to require an entity to disclose information about its sustainability-related risks and opportunities that is useful to primary users of general-purpose financial reports in making decisions relating to providing resources to the entity.

IFRS S2 "Climate-related Disclosures"

IFRS S2 sets out the requirements for identifying, measuring and disclosing information about climate-related risks and opportunities that is useful to primary users of general-purpose financial reports in making decisions relating to providing resources to the entity.

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE PERIOD FROM APRIL 1, 2022 TO DECEMBER 31, 2022

6- PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

	(Saudi Riyal)						
December 31, 2022	Land	Buildings and leasehold improvements	Tools and equipment	Furniture and fixtures	Motor vehicles	Projects under construction	Total
Cost:							
Balance as of March 31, 2022	146,317,384	3,413,352,726	186,382,508	936,504,436	23,878,174	309,819,259	5,016,254,487
Additions	-	173,963,359	672,883	58,324,866	105,932	52,009,651	285,076,691
Transfer from project under construction	-	38,394,142	-	4,617,595	79,798	(43,091,535)	-
Transfers	=	(116,366)	(2,386,227)	2,502,593	-	-	-
Transfers to related parties (Note 16)	-	-	-	<u>-</u>	-	(153,154,854)	(153,154,854)
Foreign currency exchange differences	-	-	-	(74,678)	-	-	(74,678)
Disposals	-	-	(9,341)	-	(613,040)	-	(622,381)
Disposal of subsidiary (Note 36)	-	(35,372,313)	-	(14,192,974)	(1,592,988)	-	(51,158,275)
Written off / impaired	146 215 204	(64,483,178)	104 (50 022	(16,708,483)	(951,851)	1 (5 500 501	(82,143,512)
Balance as of December 31, 2022	146,317,384	3,525,738,370	184,659,823	970,973,355	20,906,025	165,582,521	5,014,177,478
Accumulated depreciation and impairment:							
Balance as of March 31, 2022	-	1,967,126,704	138,888,339	667,832,686	20,326,176	-	2,794,173,905
Depreciation during the year	-	88,053,734	7,003,211	41,926,274	722,926	-	137,706,145
Depreciation from discontinuing operation (Note 36)	-	7,506,856	· -	-	· -	-	7,506,856
Transfers	-	5,304	-	(5,304)	-	-	-
Transfers to related parties (Note 16)	-	122,402	-	1,171,097	79,799	-	1,373,298
Foreign currency exchange differences	-	-	-	(27,665)	-	-	(27,665)
Disposals	-	-	(6,889)	-	(613,040)	-	(619,929)
Disposal of subsidiary (Note 36)	-	(14,961,867)	-	(6,848,602)	(1,275,354)	-	(23,085,823)
Written off/ impaired	-	(54,542,587)	-	(14,561,031)	(951,781)	2,142,088	(67,913,311)
Balance as of December 31, 2022	<u> </u>	1,993,310,546	145,884,661	689,487,455	18,288,726	2,142,088	2,849,113,476
Net book value	146,317,384	1,532,427,824	38,775,162	281,485,900	2,617,299	163,440,433	2,165,064,002

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE PERIOD FROM APRIL 1, 2022 TO DECEMBER 31, 2022

6- PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT (CONTINUED)

Buildings and leasehold Tools and Furniture and March 31, 2022 Land improvements equipment fixtures Motor was a support of the control of th	Projects under construction	Total
Cost:		
Balance as of April 1, 2021 566,133,936 3,362,539,276 185,236,279 880,193,522 23,	328,711 554,008,094	5,571,439,818
Additions - 122,555,535 1,146,229 72,970,893	595,263 71,257,403	3 268,525,323
Transfer from project under construction - 68,414,703 - 10,098,977	- (78,513,680)	-
Transfer to intangible assets (Note 9)	- (156,703,583)	(156,703,583)
Transfers to related parties (Note 16) (20,813,342) (15,553)	- (77,516,460)	(98,345,355)
Additions on acquisition of subsidiary 408,716	-	408,716
Foreign currency exchange differences 996,790 (8,244)	-	988,546
Disposals (400,000,000)	- (402,865)	(400,402,865)
	(45,800) (2,309,650)	(169,656,113)
Balance as of March 31, 2022 146,317,384 3,413,352,726 186,382,508 936,504,436 23,	878,174 309,819,259	5,016,254,487
Accumulated depreciation and impairment:		
Balance as of April 1, 2021 - 1,923,561,516 125,356,182 634,003,686 19,	467,307	2,702,388,691
·	904,669	210,786,166
Transfers to related parties (Note 16) (7,836)	<u>-</u>	(7,836)
Additions on Acquisition of subsidiary 272,355	-	272,355
Foreign currency exchange differences (5,695)	-	(5,695)
	(45,800)	(119,259,776)
	326,176	2,794,173,905
Net book value: 146,317,384 1,446,226,022 47,494,169 268,671,750 3,	551,998 309,819,259	2,222,080,582

Project under constructions represent the cost incurred to hotel constructions. The capital commitments against those projects is SR 238 million (March 31: 2022 298 million) (Note 34).

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${\bf NOTES\ TO\ THE\ CONSOLIDATED\ FINANCIAL\ STATEMENTS\ (CONTINUED)}$

FOR THE PERIOD FROM APRIL 1, 2022 TO DECEMBER 31, 2022

6- PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT (CONTINUED)

(i) During the year ended 31 March 2022, one of the Group subsidiary conducted an operational efficiency review at all of its assets, which resulted in changes in the expected usage of all assets. The buildings, leasehold improvements, furniture fixtures and office equipment management was intended to sell after 33 years, 8-15 years and 4-10 years respectively. The buildings, furniture and fixtures, leasehold improvements, tools and equipment, motor vehicles and computers and electronics are expected to remain in use for 40 years, 15 years, 15 years, 15 years, 6 years and 10 years respectively. Consequently, the expected life of the assets increased. The effect of these changes on actual and expected depreciation expense, included in 'depreciation on property and equipment', was as follows:

SR in million	31 March 2022	31 March 2023	31 March 2024	31 March 2025	31 March 2026
Decrease in depreciation	(53.6)	(22.1)	(20.7)	(16.4)	(15.1)

- (ii) The Group has a piece of land carried at a carrying value of SR 131,520,000 which was acquired from ultimate shareholders of the Group and the title deeds of which are presently still registered in the name of its former owners. Such title deeds are not yet transferred in the name of the Group since currently the asset has been pledged against commercial loans obtained by the Group that restricts the transfer of legal ownership. Nevertheless, despite this legal limitation, the Group has the complete responsibility for the associated risks, control, and rewards relating to the property as the ultimate shareholders have waived their rights over this land and have confirmed that the risks and rewards pertaining to this property has been transferred to the Group.
- (iii) The Group obtained a loan from a local bank, amounting to SR 115 million Saudi riyals, collateral for the loan consisted of land owned by the Group value SR 400 million. Under the loan agreement, the Group had the right to buy back the land in exchange for repaying the principal of the loan and profits accruing on it. The agreement stipulated that the right to repurchase the land expires on December 31, 2021. The Group did not exercise the right to repurchase the land and as a result, the land was handed over to the bank as loan's final settlement. The loan balance plus the profits accruing from it as of March 31, 2022 amounted to SR 148.6 which make the group to incur losses amounted to SR 251.3 million (Note 33).

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE PERIOD FROM APRIL 1, 2022 TO DECEMBER 31, 2022

7- INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

Less: Asset held for sale

Total

7- INVESTMENT ROLENTES			
		(Saudi	Riyal)
	Notes	December 31, 2022	March 31, 2022
		<u> </u>	Restated – Note 39
Investment properties	A	23,759,751,542	24,793,786,760
Advance payment for projects under construction	В	729,927,057	605,275,588
Total		24,489,678,599	25,399,062,348
A. Investment properties			
investment properties		(Saudi	Riyal)
	Notes	December 31, 2022	March 31, 2022
		<u> </u>	Restated – Note 39
Balance as at beginning of the period/year		24,793,786,760	25,802,827,622
Additions during the period / year		620,277,916	1,202,184,944
Disposal during the period	(i)	(267,312,000)	(199,600,000)
Disposal of subsidiary (Note 36)		(557,480,304)	-
Impact of reassessment of lease	8(A)	(479,055,119)	-
Transferred to properties for development and sale (Note 13)		-	(1,869,403,007)
Depreciation on right-of-use assets		(5,550,331)	(16,669,319)
Transferred from related parties		-	85,039,100
Net fair value gain / (loss) on investment properties		60,964,677	(210,592,580)
Balance at the end of the period/year	(iv)	24,165,631,599	24,793,786,760
Presented in consolidated statement of financial position as:			
The second secon		(Saudi Riyal)	
	Notes	December 31, 2022	March 31, 2022
			Restated – Note 39
Investment property		24,165,631,599	24,793,786,760

(i) During the nine-month period ended December 31, 2022, the Group disposed off the land for a total consideration of SR 247.1 million resulting in a loss on disposal of SR 20.2 million which has been recorded under other expenses in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income (March 31, 2022: Total consideration amounted to SR 171.3 million resulting in loss of SR 28.3 million)

(iii)

(405,880,057) 23,759,751,542

24,793,786,760

- (ii) All leasehold interests meet the definition of an investment property and, accordingly, the Group has accounted for the right-of-use assets as part of investment property as allowed by IFRS 16. The lands are restricted to be used for commercial purposes in relation to the Group's businesses and the right to renew the lease is based on mutual agreements between the parties. If the respective leases are not renewed the land and buildings will be transferred to the lessors at the end of the lease term.
- (iii) During the nine-month period ended 31 December 2022, the Group entered into an agreement to sell a portion of the land to a potential buyer and is in the process of completing the pre-conditions to execute the sale. Accordingly, the carrying value of the portion of land has been classified as asset held for sale under current assets. The sale transaction was completed subsequent to the period end and legal ownership was transferred.

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE PERIOD FROM APRIL 1, 2022 TO DECEMBER 31, 2022

7- INVESTMENT PROPERTY (CONTINUED)

(iv) The carrying amount at reporting date includes the fair value / cost for the following:

		(Saudi Riyal)		
		December 31, 2022 March 31, 2		
			Restated – Note 39	
Shopping malls at owned lands		11,001,779,497	10,977,716,382	
Shopping malls at leasehold lands		6,496,382,519	6,997,128,596	
Owned lands held as investment properties		1,704,296,441	1,971,508,599	
Projects under construction – fair value		4,963,173,142	4,284,402,548	
Project under construction – carried at cost	(v)		563,030,635	
Total		24,165,631,599	24,793,786,760	

- (v) This relates to one project under construction on leased land where the construction work stopped during prior years due to differences in lease land area. The exact timing of resumption of work was uncertain. Management therefore concluded that the fair value of this property could not be reliably determined and this property was measured at cost. During the period, the property was disposed on sale of subsidiary (Note 36).
- (vi) Projects under construction pertains to expenditure relating to malls which are in the course of construction as at the end of the reporting period and these are expected to be completed within 2 to 5 years with total expected completion cost of SR 3.265 billion. During the period ended December 31, 2022, the Group capitalized finance costs amounting to SR 223.8 million (March 31, 2022: SR 259.9 million).
- (vii)On 15 May 2022, there was partial fire outbreak at the Mall of Dahran in the Eastern Province of Saudi Arabia. The mall was closed for a short period and reopened its doors on 7 June 2022, with an exception to some damaged area that is currently under restoration. The impact of the fire outbreak has been factored in by the valuers in the fair value of the mall as at 31 December 2022
- (viii) During the period, the Company has undergone a change in accounting policy, transitioning from cost model to fair value model. Consequently, the company has duly recorded the value of the Muzdalifah land at SR 1,412 million, reflective of its fair market value as of December 31, 2022. The loan is under the title of the company and mortgaged against a loan from local bank.

Fair value of investment properties:

a) Fair value hierarchy

The fair value measurement for investment property of SR 24.17 billion (March 31, 2022: SR 24.79 billion) has been categorized as a level 3 fair value based on the significant unobservable inputs adopted by the valuer in the valuation technique used which are future retail rental payment terms; discount rates; capitalization rate (yields); forecasted occupancy; and cost to complete projects.

The fair value of investment properties as at the reporting dates for all properties, whether owned or leased, is determined by independent external valuers with appropriate qualifications and experience in the valuation of properties. Due to the change in accounting policy for the subsequent measurement of the investment properties, the effective dates of the valuations are April 1, 2021, March 31, 2022 and December 31, 2022 and are prepared in accordance with Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors ("RICS") Global Standards 2020 which comply with the international valuation standards and the RICS Professional Standards.

Fair value is assessed based on the highest and best use assumption. As at December 31, 2022 and March 31, 2022, three properties were valued at highest and best use which is different to the Group's current use primarily due to initial stages of property development.

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE PERIOD FROM APRIL 1, 2022 TO DECEMBER 31, 2022

7- INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (CONTINUED)

Fair value of investment properties (Continued):

b) Inter-relationship between key unobservable inputs and fair value measurement

December 31, 2022

		Significant unobservable	Fair value	
Property	Valuation technique	input	Range	(SR in million)
		Occupancy (%)	66% - 100%	
Shopping Malls	Discounted cash flows	Future rent growth (%)	2% - 5%	17,498
		Discount rate (%)	10% - 21%	
	Discounted cash flows	Occupancy (%)	90% - 95%	
Projects under construction	- Residual method	Future rent growth (%)	2%	4,963
	– Residual method	Discount rate (%)	12% - 16%	
Owned land	Comparative approach	Average price (SR /sqm)	210 - 8,834	1,704

The estimated fair value would increase/(decrease) if the discount rates were lower/(higher) and/or the growth rates and occupancy% were higher/(lower).

March 31, 2022

		Significant unobservable		Fair value	
Property	Valuation technique	input	Range	(SR million)	
		Occupancy (%)	73% - 99%		
Shopping Malls	Discounted cash flows	Future rent growth (%)	2% - 5%	17,975	
		Discount rate (%)	8% - 18%		
	Discounted cash flows	Occupancy (%)	90% - 95%		
Projects under construction	Residual method	Future rent growth (%)	2%	4,285	
	– Residuai metnod	Discount rate (%)	14% - 16%		
Owned land	Comparative approach	Average price (SR /sqm)	210 - 14,313	1,971	

The following table shows the valuation technique to measure fair value of investment property:

Valuation technique	Description
Discounted cash flows	The gross fair value (net costs to complete), as applicable, is derived using DCF
	and is benchmarked against net initial yield.
Comparative approach	Properties held for future development are valued using comparable methodology
	which involves analyzing other relevant market transactions.

B. Advance payments for projects under construction

It represents advance payments to the contractors for the construction of shopping malls, which are under various stages of completion.

Construction work services received (Saudi Rival)

		Constru	Construction work services received (Saudi Riyai)						
Name of party	Relationship	December 31, 2022	March 31, 2022	December 31, 2022	March 31, 2022				
Lynx Contracting									
Company	Affiliate	275,070,858	711,920,602	720,068,772	595,352,020				
Others	=	-	-	9,858,285	9,923,568				
				729,927,057	605,275,588				

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE PERIOD FROM APRIL 1, 2022 TO DECEMBER 31, 2022

8- RIGHT OF USE ASSETS AND LEASE LIABILITIES

The carrying amounts of the group's right-of-use assets and lease liabilities and movements during the period is as follows:

Right of use assets

Right of use assets	(Saudi Riyal)		
	December 31, 2022 March 31, 2022		
		Restated – Note 39	
Balance as of beginning of the period / year (Restated)	1,249,848,550	1,184,556,738	
Addition during the year	123,419,267	475,114,640	
Adjustment for termination	(102,998,809)	(155,725,160)	
Adjustment for reassessment (A)	196,961,805	68,944,737	
Depreciation charge for the period/ year from continuing operations	(136,833,402)	(271,072,493)	
Depreciation charge for the period/ year from discontinuing operations	(58,313,773)	(50,128,062)	
Disposal of subsidiary (Note 36)	(62,364,059)	- -	
Foreign currency exchange differences	(14,046,808)	(1,841,850)	
Balance as of end of the period / year	1,195,672,771	1,249,848,550	

Lease liabilities

Lease habilities			
	(Saudi Riyal)		
	December 31, 2022	March 31, 2022	
		Restated – Note 39	
Balance as of beginning of the period / year	5,059,299,367	5,055,437,694	
Addition during the year	123,419,267	475,114,640	
Adjustment for termination	(108,002,466)	(173,939,957)	
Adjustment for reassessment (A)	(247,230,014)	92,632,614	
Payment of lease liability	(487,177,199)	(556,599,315)	
Rental concessions (Note 33)	(26,254,275)	(32,555,860)	
Finance cost from continuing operations	145,910,742	173,935,282	
Finance cost from discontinuing operations	7,586,659	4,161,609	
Finance cost capitalized for projects under construction	25,865,912	37,989,657	
Disposal of subsidiary (Note 36)	(624,127,293)	-	
Foreign currency exchange differences	5,454,061	(16,876,989)	
Balance as of end of the period / year	3,874,744,761	5,059,299,375	
	(Saudi	Riyal)	
	December 31, 2022	March 31, 2022	
		Restated – Note 39	
Current portion	757,195,906	881,804,206	
Non-current portion	3,117,548,855	4,177,495,169	

⁽A) The resulting impact amounted to SR 34.9 million (March 31, 2022 SR 23.7 million) arising from the reassessment adjustment has been recorded in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE PERIOD FROM APRIL 1, 2022 TO DECEMBER 31, 2022

9- GOODWILL AND OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS

					(Saudi Riyal)				
December 31, 2022	Goodwill (B)	Computer software	Key money	Deferred charges	Solar plant (A)	Trademarks	Web development cost	Customer related assets	Total
Cost:									
Balance as of April 1, 2022	1,080,808,536	158,453,072	158,043,558	20,125,852	313,410,955	127,768,092	26,023,226	11,744,405	1,896,377,696
Additions	-	22,208,059	30,027,381	11,172,250	-	2,512	4,264,074	-	67,674,276
Foreign currency exchange differences	-	-	-	-	(25,534,191)	(12,085)	(2,150,669)	-	(27,696,945)
Disposals / write-off	<u>-</u>	(287,620)	(6,809,419)						(7,097,039)
Balance as of December 31, 2022	1,080,808,536	180,373,511	181,261,520	31,298,102	287,876,764	127,758,519	28,136,631	11,744,405	1,929,257,988
Amortization and impairment:									
As of April 1, 2021	76,350,879	66,134,788	114,501,899	7,324,542	37,609,314	23,769	9,150,206	1,468,050	312,563,447
Amortization for continuing operations	-	5,820,563	3,121,309	1,413,741	11,515,071	12,025	2,398,026	2,199,816	26,480,551
Amortization for discontinuing operations	-	89,716	-	-	-	-	-	-	89,716
Disposal of subsidiary (Note 36)	9,800,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9,800,000
Foreign currency exchange differences	-	-	-	-	(3,064,104)	(2,196)	(750,132)	-	(3,816,432)
Disposals / write-off		(295,136)	(1,228,172)	52					(1,523,256)
Balance as of December 31, 2022	86,150,879	71,749,931	116,395,036	8,738,335	46,060,281	33,598	10,798,100	3,667,866	343,594,026
Net Book Value	994,657,657	108,623,580	64,866,484	22,559,767	241,816,483	127,724,921	17,338,531	8,076,539	1,585,663,962

(A SAUDI CLOSED JOINT STOCK COMAPANY)

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE PERIOD FROM APRIL 1, 2022 TO DECEMBER 31, 2022

9- GOODWILL AND OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS (CONTINUED)

	(Saudi Riyal)								
March 31, 2022	Goodwill (B)	Computer Software	Key money	Deferred charges	Solar Plant (A)	Trademarks	Web development cost	Customer related assets	Total
Cost:	Goodwiii (B)	Software	Rey money	charges	(A)	Tracemarks	Cost	Telated assets	Total
Balance as of April 1, 2021	1,012,387,29	117,362,821	151,179,342	13,414,353	312,800,743	-	-	-	1,607,144,557
Additions	-	44,899,342	8,126,106	6,790,788	-	127,636,916	2,720,881	11,744,405	201,918,438
Transfer from property and equipment (Note 6)	-	-	-	-	156,703,583	-	-	-	156,703,583
Transfer from other non-current assets	-	-	-	-	22,687,469	-	-	-	22,687,469
Transfers to related parties	-	-	-	-	(184,410,980)	-	-	-	(184,410,980)
Additions on Acquisition of subsidiary	68,421,238	-	-	-	-	131,176	23,800,542	-	92,352,956
Foreign currency exchange differences	-	-	-	-	5,630,140	-	(498,197)	-	5,131,943
Disposals / write-off		(3,809,091)	(1,261,890)	(79,289)					(5,150,270)
Balance as of March 31, 2022	1,080,808,53	158,453,072	158,043,558	20,125,852	313,410,955	127,768,092	26,023,226	11,744,405	1,896,377,696
Amortization and impairment:									
Balance as of April 1, 2021	5,817,109	58,959,732	112,332,520	5,837,096	25,024,059	-	-	-	207,970,516
Amortization during the year	-	7,243,301	3,358,273	1,509,525	12,536,438	8,331	1,544,088	1,468,050	27,668,006
Additions on Acquisition of subsidiary	-	-	-	-	-	15,438	7,768,636	-	7,784,074
Impairment charge for the year	70,533,770	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	70,533,770
Foreign currency exchange differences	-	-	-	-	48,817	-	(162,518)	-	(113,701)
Disposals / write-off		(68,245)	(1,188,894)	(22,079)					(1,279,218)
Balance as of March 31, 2022	76,350,879	66,134,788	114,501,899	7,324,542	37,609,314	23,769	9,150,206	1,468,050	312,563,447
Net Book Value	1,004,457,65	92,318,284	43,541,659	12,801,310	275,801,641	127,744,323	16,873,020	10,276,355	1,583,814,249

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE PERIOD FROM APRIL 1, 2022 TO DECEMBER 31, 2022

9- GOODWILL AND OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS (CONTINUED)

A. Solar Plant

One of the Group's subsidiaries "the operator" and the New and Renewable Energy Authority in Egypt "the grantor" concluded a usufruct agreement for a defined piece of solar plant land "the site" to build, own, and operate a photovoltaic solar plant with an envisaged total capacity equal to the installed capacity, for a period of 25 year from the start of operation between the parties.

Under this agreement, the operator shall, at its own expense, construct an infrastructure and public facilities for the site. At the end of the agreement, all the assets of the operator to provide the services are either delivered to the operator or transferred to the grantor in return for an agreed compensation. As for the immovable assets, the exclusive ownership of the "grantor" remains.

B. Goodwill

				(Saudi Riyal)	
			Equity	December 31,	
	Note	Year	Interest	2022	March 31, 2022
		2012 &			
Nesk Projects Trading Co including Mango brand	(i)	2014	100%	666,771,622	666,771,622
Innovative Union Company	(ii)	2020	100%	198,027,033	207,827,033
Wahba Trading Company Ltd	(iii)	2009	100%	61,437,764	61,437,764
Vogacloset UK Limited	(iv)	2021	51%	68,421,238	68,421,238
Total				994,657,657	1,004,457,657

- (i) Nesk Projects Trading Company operates fashion retail stores all over the Kingdom with franchise rights of a number of international fashion brands including Stradivarius, Mango, Okaidi, Women' Secret, Gerry Weber and Ikks. The Group acquired Nesk Projects Trading Company, for cash in an aggregate amount of SR 730 million having net acquisition cost of SR 661.2 million after deducting net cash acquired amounting to SR 68.8 million. The Group acquired the business of fashion retail and franchise rights of the international fashion brand "Mango" in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia for a consideration of SR 378 million.
 - During the prior year ended March 31, 2022, the estimated recoverable amounts of Nesk Projects Trading Company and other cash generating units were based on their values in use, determined by discounting the future cash flows to be generated from the continuing use of the cash generating units. The carrying amount of the Nesk Projects Trading Company was determined to be higher than its recoverable amount of SR 947 million assuming a pre-tax discount rate of 11.3% and average annual growth rate of 4% that resulted in a goodwill impairment loss of SR 71 million during prior year ended March 31, 2022.
- (ii) The Group acquired Innovative Union Company with its subsidiaries (Azal Restaurants Company and Food Gate Company) from a related party. At the date of acquisition, the carrying value of net assets acquired was SR 132.2 million and the cost of acquisition was SR 340 million accordingly, a goodwill amounting to SR 207.8 million arose at the acquisition of this subsidiary.
 - Innovative Union Company operates food and beverage stores all over the Kingdom with franchise rights of a number of food brands including Cinnabon, Mama roti and Molten chocolates.
 - On October 01, 2022, the Group disposed-off Azal Restaurant and First Pizza Company resulting in the disposal of goodwill of 9.8 million (Note 36).
- (iii) The Group acquired Wahba Trading Company Limited at a fair value of SR 118.6 million and the cost of acquisition was SR 180 million accordingly, a goodwill amounting to SR 61.4 million arose at the acquisition of this subsidiary.
- (iv) On Rabi ul Awal 8, 1443H (corresponding to October 14, 2021), the Group acquired an effective 51% equity interest in Vogacloset UK company through a Sale Purchase Agreement (SPA) signed by the Group in an aggregate amount of SR 204.8 million including SR 137.8 million paid in cash and SR 67 million committed to pay over 3 years based on a earn out scheme. The purchase price of the acquisition has been allocated to intangible assets and goodwill amounting to SR 139.5 million and SR 45.4 million.

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE PERIOD FROM APRIL 1, 2022 TO DECEMBER 31, 2022

9- GOODWILL AND OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Impairment test of goodwill:

Goodwill is tested annually for impairment by management. Recoverable amounts were determined on the basis of value-in-use calculation. This calculation uses cash flow projections for five years based on financial budgets approved by management. Cash flows beyond the budgets are extrapolated using the estimated growth rate for each of the Companies.

In management's opinion, the growth rate assumptions do not exceed the long-term average growth rates for fashion retail and food and beverage business in which the companies operate. Key assumptions for the value-in-use calculation are set out below:

	Wahba Trading	Nesk Projects			
	Company	Trading	Food Gate	Innovative	Vogacloset UK
	Limited	Company	Company	Union Company	Limited
Discount rate	13.45%	12.45%	12.16%	12.8%	12.3%
Budgeted gross margins	41%	41%	76%	79%	21%
Average annual growth					
rate for sale	2%	2%	3%	3%	34%
Terminal growth rate	2%	2%	2%	2%	2%

The discount rates used are pre-zakat and reflect weighted average cost of capital adjusted for leverage and Company specific risks. Management has determined the budgeted gross margins based on past performance and its expectations for the market development.

Sensitivity to changes in assumptions:

With regard to the assessment of value-in-use for the subsidiaries, any adverse changes in a key assumption would result in an impairment loss. The key assumptions, where reasonably possible changes could result in impairment, are the annual growth rates, terminal growth rates and the discount rates used.

10- EQUITY ACCOUNTED INVESTMENTS

		(Saudi l	Riyal)
	Ownership percentage	December 31, 2022	March 31, 2022
Hajen Company Limited (A)	37.5%	2,945,236	3,488,072
Developer Information Agency Co. (Signlab) (B)	33%	-	-
FG 4 Limited (C)	50%	-	1,956,408
NEOM Advanced Data Centers Company (D)	49%	126,530,837	
Total		129,476,073	5,444,480

(A) The movement for investment in Hajen Company Limited is as follows:

	1 7	(Saudi Riyal)	
		December 31, 2022	March 31, 2022
Balance as of beginning of the period / year		3,488,072	4,346,645
Share in results		(542,836)	(858,573)
Balance as of end of the period / year		2,945,236	3,488,072

 $(B)\ The\ movement\ for\ investment\ in\ Developer\ Information\ Agency\ Co.\ (Signlab)\ is\ as\ follows:$

	(Saudi Riyal)		
	December 31, 2022	March 31, 2022	
Balance as of beginning of the period / year	-	=	
Transferred from other receivables	-	33,000	
Share in results	-	(33,000)	
Balance as of end of the period / year	-		

The Group doesn't bear any negative net assets of Developer Information Agency Co. (Signlab) as mentioned in the accounting policy.

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE PERIOD FROM APRIL 1, 2022 TO DECEMBER 31, 2022

10- EQUITY ACCOUNTED INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

(C) The movement for investment in FG 4 Limited is as follows:

	(Saudi I	Riyal)
	December 31, 2022	March 31, 2022
Balance as of beginning of the period / year	1,956,408	2,699,577
Share in results	(1,956,408)	(743,169)
Balance as of end of the period / year	<u> </u>	1,956,408

The Group doesn't bear any negative net assets of FG 4 Limited as mentioned in the accounting policy.

(D) The movement for investment in NEOM Advanced Data Centers Company is as follows:

	(Saudi Riyai)		
	December 31, 2022	March 31, 2022	
Balance as of beginning of the period / year	-	-	
Additions	127,340,539	-	
Share in results	(809,702)		
Balance as of end of the period / year	126,530,837		

11- OTHER INVESTMENTS

			(Saudi Riyal)		
	Equity	Equity	Equity		_
	securities at	securities	securities		
	FVOCI –	FVOCI –	FVTPL -	Pledged term	
_	unquoted (A)	quoted (B)	quoted (C)	deposit (D)	Total
Cost:					
Balance as of April 1, 2021	1,162,689,598	26,828,351	207,000,000	-	1,396,517,949
Balance as of March 31, 2022	1,162,689,598	26,828,351	207,000,000	-	1,396,517,949
Additions	7,759,965	-	-	4,190,498	11,950,463
Disposals	(816,268,435)	-	(5,820,000)	-	(822,088,435)
Balance as of December 31, 2022	354,181,128	26,828,351	201,180,000	4,190,498	586,379,977
Revaluation adjustments:					
Balance as of April 1, 2021	(23,513,759)	(21,729,461)	14,835,840	-	(30,407,380)
Foreign currency exchange loss	(141, 327, 228)	-	-	-	(141,327,228)
Unrealized gain – OCI	71,679,784	(1,099,921)	-	-	70,579,863
Unrealized loss – P&L	-	-	(1,807,212)	-	(1,807,212)
Balance as of March 31, 2022	(93,161,203)	(22,829,382)	13,028,628	-	(102,961,957)
Foreign currency exchange loss	(22,455,488)	-	-	-	(22,455,488)
Unrealized gain – OCI	46,071,060	2,221,650	-	-	48,292,710
Unrealized gain – P&L	-	-	4,076,350	-	4,076,350
Disposal of investments	(41,059,681)	-	-	-	(41,059,681)
Balance as of December 31, 2022	(110,605,312)	(20,607,732)	17,104,978	-	(114,108,066)
Net book value:					
As of December 31, 2022	243,575,816	6,220,619	218,284,978	4,190,498	472,271,911
As of March 31, 2022	1,069,528,395	3,998,969	220,028,628	-	1,293,555,992
_					

(A) Equity securities at FVOCI - unquoted represents equity investments in the below companies:

	(Saudi Riyal)	
	December 31, 2022	March 31, 2022
Egyptian Centers Limited Company (a)	92,931,479	740,119,547
Marakez For Real Estate Investment (b)	-	203,468,599
Khomasiat Taibah Limited Company (c)	64,933,400	69,147,028
Yanbu Real Estate Company (d)	68,259,597	45,923,611
Hesfera GmbH (e)	7,759,965	-
Audacia Capital (f)	6,178,609	6,036,921
Azizia Panda United Company (g)	2,614,099	3,934,023
Akwan Properties (h)	898,667	898,666
	243,575,816	1,069,528,395

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE PERIOD FROM APRIL 1, 2022 TO DECEMBER 31, 2022

11- OTHER INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

- a. During the year ended March 31, 2021, the Group had acquired financial instrument amounting to SR 742.1 million of Egyptian Centers for Real Estate Development (ECRED) in consideration for the settlement of a receivable from ECRED. At initial recognition, the Group designated this investment as equity securities at FVOCI. As at March 31, 2022, investment in ECRED has been valued at SR 740.1 million. As of April 1, 2022, the Group has transferred the investment having fair value SR 653.8 million at carrying amount to its shareholders at carrying amount. The remaining investment has been valued at SR 92.9 million using multiple valuation techniques whereas the fair value gain and exchange difference for the year have been recognized in consolidated other comprehensive income.
- b. During the year ended March 31, 2021, the Group had acquired financial instrument amounting to EGP 1,149.8 million (equivalent to SR 273.9 million) of Marakez for Real Estate Investment (Marakez) in consideration for the settlement of a receivable from Marakez. At initial recognition, the Group designated this investment as equity securities at FVOCI. As of March 31, 2022, investment in Marakez has been valued at SR 203.5 million using multiple valuation techniques whereas the fair value gain and exchange difference for the was recognized in other comprehensive income. During the period ended December 31, 2022, the Group has transferred the investment to its shareholders at carrying amount.
- c. This represents equity investment of 7.14% in Khomasiat Taibah Limited Company.
- d. This investment represents investment in equity of Al-Madaen for Real Estate held by Yanbu Real Estate (Mosahama) owned by a related party. The management is in the process of transferring ownership in the name of company, the legal formalities relating to ownership has not completed at period-end).
- e. This represents 13.51% equity investment in Hesfera GmbH.
- f. This represents 8.67% equity investment in Audacia Capital.
- g. This represents 1.128% equity investment in Azizia Panda United Company.
- h. This represents 4.79% equity investment in Akwaan Properties.
- (B) Equity securities FVOCI quoted represents investment in shares of DEPA Ltd. (listed in NASDAQ Dubai). During the period, the Group has recorded change in fair value on this investment amounting to SR 2.22 million (March 31, 2022: SR 1.09 million).
- (C) Equity securities in a real estate fund at FVTPL- quoted represents equity investments in the below companies:
- a. *Al Jawhara Real Estate Fund:* This represents equity investment in Al Jawhara Real Estate Fund (formerly known as Digital City Fund) purchased for SR 6.8 million. During the period, the Group sold units in the fund and realized a gain on disposal of investment of SR 180,000 in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income (Note 33). As of December 31, 2022, the net asset value (NAV) of the investment amounted to SR 1.2 million (March 31, 2022: SR 6.6 million). An unrealized gain amounting to SR 0.38 million has been recognized in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income (March 31, 2022: gain of SR 0.62 million).
- b. Al Mubarak real estate income fund –II: This represents investment in 20,000,000 units of Al Mubarak real estate income fund –II (the "fund") with a nominal value of SR 10 each which has been acquired by the Group in exchange of its share of ownership of an investment property. The fund is a private closed ended real estate investment fund and the Group acquired its units on December 16, 2019. As of December 31, 2022, the Group has recorded unrecognized gain amounted to SR 3.7 million (March 31, 2022: unrecognized losses of SR 2.43 million). The NAV of the investment amounted to SR 217.1 million as of December 31, 2022 (March 31, 2022: SR 213.4 million). Subsequent to period end, the Group has been notified of the liquidation of the fund, in which it owns 33.33% (Note 41).
- (D) During the period ended December 31, 2022, the Group has term deposits in National Bank of Fujairah as a guarantee for supplier payment. Subsequent to period end, the Group has refunded the term deposits in National Bank of Fujairah, that has been as a guarantee for supplier payment.

12- DERIVATIVE ASSET

As of December 31, 2022, the Group held Interest Rate Swaps ("IRS") of a notional value of SR 1.4 billion in order to reduce its exposure to commission rate risks against long term financing. The table below shows the fair values of derivatives financial instruments, recorded as positive fair value. The notional amounts indicate the volume of transactions outstanding at the year end and are neither indicative of the market risk nor the credit risk.

			(Saudi Riyal)		
Description of the hedged items	Hedging instrument	Fair Value	December 31, 2022	March 31, 2022	
Commission payments on floating					
rate loan	IRS	Positive	42,171,235	34,698,040	

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE PERIOD FROM APRIL 1, 2022 TO DECEMBER 31, 2022

12- DERIVATIVE ASSET (CONTINUED)

Derivatives often involve at their inception only a mutual exchange of promises with little or no transfer of consideration. However, these instruments frequently involve a high degree of leverage and are very volatile. A relatively small movement in the value of the rate underlying a derivative contract may have a significant impact on the income or equity component of the Group.

The Group hold interest rate swaps to cover the variable interest rate exposures on its loans from financial institutions. The interest rate swap arrangement does not meet the qualifying hedging criteria as per IFRS 9 requirement and have therefore been carried at fair value through profit or loss.

The total income recognized against derivative assets amounted to SR 5.5 million for the period ended December 31, 2022 (March 31, 2022: income of SR 29.6 million) and the total unrealized revenues recorded for the period ended December 31, 2022 amounted to SR 1.9 million (March 31, 2022: SR 6.2 million)

13- INVENTORIES

Additions during the period / year

Balance as of end of the period / year

Borrowing costs capitalized during the period / year

Inventories include Merchandise inventory (including goods available for sale and goods in transit stated at the fower cost

and net realizable value.) and properties for development and sale.	or saic and goods in transit	stated at the lower cost
,	(Saudi	Riyal)
	December 31, 2022	March 31, 2022
		Restated – Note 39
Merchandise	1,001,560,506	1,396,035,987
Properties for development and sale	2,039,372,137	1,932,393,171
Total	3,040,932,643	3,328,429,158
<u>Merchandise</u>	(C 1'	D: 1\
	(Saudi	2
	December 31, 2022	March 31, 2022
	1 211 = 0 721	Restated – Note 39
Finished goods – available for sale	1,311,560,631	1,473,885,492
Finished goods – in transit	14,149,304	252,428,646
Consumables and supplies	24,262,829	21,949,565
Gross inventories	1,349,972,764	1,748,263,703
Provision for inventory	(348,412,258)	(352,227,716)
Net inventories	1,001,560,506	1,396,035,987
Movement in provision for inventories is as follows:		
•	(Saudi	Riyal)
	December 31, 2022	March 31, 2022
		Restated – Note 39
Balance as of beginning of the period / year	352,227,716	449,412,971
Charge for the period / year	21,732,326	61,153,603
Provision written-off during the period / year	(25,547,784)	(158,338,858)
Balance as of end of the period / year	348,412,258	352,227,716
Properties for development and sale	(0 1:	D: 1\
	(Saudi	
	December 31, 2022	March 31, 2022
	4 024 202 171	Restated – Note 39
Balance as of beginning of the period / year	1,932,393,171	-
Transferred from investment properties (A) (Note 7)		1,869,403,007

This represents the carrying value of two parcels of land transferred from investment properties due to a change in the intended use of the land to development and sale in the normal course of business. The Group does not expect to complete and sell the development property in the next twelve months.

52,830,271

54,148,695

2,039,372,137

23,450,443

39,539,721

1,932,393,171

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE PERIOD FROM APRIL 1, 2022 TO DECEMBER 31, 2022

14- TRADE RECEIVABLES

	(Saudi I	(Saudi Riyal)	
	December 31, 2022	March 31, 2022	
Trade receivables	641,182,797	493,085,573	
Less: Expected credit loss on trade receivables	(185,180,530)	(192,903,923)	
	456,002,267	300,181,650	

Trade receivables mainly comprise of interest free net receivables due from private tenants with no credit rating. Before accepting any new customer, management of the Group assesses the potential customer's credit quality and defines credit limits. Unimpaired rentals receivables are expected, on the basis of past experience, to be fully recoverable. It is not the practice of the Group to obtain collateral over receivables and vast majority are, therefore, unsecured. In determining the recoverability of accounts receivable, the Group considers any change in the credit quality of the accounts receivable from the date credit was initially granted up to the end of the reporting period. The concentration of credit risk is limited due to the fact that the customer base is large and unrelated.

There are no customers who comprise more than 10% of the total trade receivable balances.

Movement in the expected credit loss on trade receivables is as follows:

	(Saudi Riyal)	
	December 31, 2022	March 31, 2022
Balance as of beginning of the period / year	192,903,923	193,654,413
Impairment charge for the period / year	84,849,031	59,045,147
Written-off during the period / year	(92,572,424)	(59,795,637)
Balance as of end of the period / year	185,180,530	192,903,923

The aging of trade receivables that are past due including the impaired receivables is as follows:

	(Saudi Riyal)	
	December 31, 2022	March 31, 2022
0-90 days	160,554,825	98,841,475
91-180 days	100,621,217	60,074,586
More than 181 days	380,006,755	334,169,512
	641,182,797	493,085,573

15- PREPAID EXPENSES AND OTHER CURRENT ASSETS

	(Saudi Riyal)		
	December 31, 2022	March 31, 2022	
Advances, deposits and other receivables	153,663,343	106,543,537	
Prepaid expenses	94,277,395	133,967,590	
Margin on letters of credits and guarantees	46,677,870	52,323,340	
Security deposits	34,354,540	31,671,992	
Receivable from credit card and wholesale	30,709,960	21,415,915	
Employee receivables	21,670,646	19,139,693	
Receivable from human resources development fund	20,571,525	-	
Custom refund receivable	14,008,185	11,713,181	
Other receivables	164,690,943	131,169,302	
Total	580,624,407	507,944,550	
Less: Non-current assets	(24,818,172)	(17,500,000)	
Net	555,806,235	490,444,550	

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE PERIOD FROM APRIL 1, 2022 TO DECEMBER 31, 2022

16- RELATED PARTIES BALANCES AND TRANSACTIONS

Related parties represent the main partners, members of the board of directors and the senior executive management of the Group and the companies in which they are major owners. Prices and terms related to these transactions are approved by the Group's management. All the related party transactions are conducted in the ordinary course of business. The following are the nature of transactions stated in consolidated statement of financial position and the details during the year:

	(Saudi Riyal)		
	For the period from	For the year from	
	April 1, 2022 to	April 1, 2021 to	
	December 31, 2022	March 31, 2022	
Type of transaction:			
Investment at FVOCI transferred	857,328,116	-	
Property and equipment transfer to related parties	154,528,152	98,337,519	
Renting of retail and office space services rendered	116,768,242	159,329,309	
Services rendered	50,021,738	51,093,917	
Zakat transferred	(9,591,684)	3,778,814	
Expenses paid on behalf	30,440,289	11,819,062	
Dividends settled through shareholders account	(2,017,543,309)	(188, 179, 026)	
Receipts / (Payments)	1,784,662,733	(614,898,991)	
Treasury & other services	-	89,148,001	
Transfer of investment properties	-	(85,039,100)	

The following is a summary of due from related parties that appear in these consolidated statement of financial position:

(Saudi Riyal)				
Name of related party	Type of relationship	December 31, 2022	March 31, 2022	
Sala Entertainment Company	Companies under common control	90,313,341	38,847,672	
Majd Business Co. Ltd.	Companies under common control	47,670,205	33,248,863	
E- Commerce	Companies under common control	30,503,619	3,293,765	
Abdul Mohsin Al Hokair Group for				
Tourism and Development	Companies under common control	16,177,998	3,026,229	
Food and Entertainment Company				
Limited	Affiliate	14,573,964	-	
Al Farida Trading Agencies	Equity accounted investees	12,034,959	10,468,017	
VogalCloset	Companies under common control	2,505,287	349,589	
Amwal Alkhaleej	Affiliate	2,271,205	2,271,205	
FAS West to Energy	Sister company	1,668,664	1,456,788	
Sign Labs	Associate	1,067,000	1,067,000	
Ebthikar for Renewable Energy	Sister company	955,595	955,595	
FAS Energy Ukraine	Sister company	24,875	24,875	
Lynx Contracting Company	Affiliate	-	166,284,593	
FAS Spain Company	Affiliate	-	2,997,819	
Tadaris Al Najd Security Company	Companies under common control	-	20,840,813	
Ezdetic Company	Affiliate	-	1,870,000	
Ezdihar Sports Company	Companies under common control	-	42,892,560	
Fasan Restaurant LLC	Companies under common control	-	6,950,676	
Fawaz Alhokair Enterprise Company		-	2,831,295	
Shareholders	Shareholders	-	296,054,818	
Billy Beez Egypt	Companies under common control	-	5,262,903	
FAS Jersey Limited	Companies under common control	-	6,490,119	
Others	Other related parties	4,123,251	10,068,244	
Total		223,889,963	657,553,438	

The following is a summary of due to related parties that appears in these consolidated statement of financial position:

(Saudi Rival)

	(Saudi Riyai)		
Name of related party	Type of relationship	December 31, 2022	March 31, 2022
Lynx Contracting Company	Affiliate	382,508,188	=
Shareholders	Shareholders	134,580,018	-
Ezdihar Holding Company and its subsidiaries	Companies under common control	34,592,202	-
Wonderful Meals Company	Affiliate	16,035,205	23,544,221
FAS Spain Company	Affiliate	3,717,825	=
Tadaris Al Najd Security Company	Companies under common control	1,163,114	=

(A SAUDI CLOSED JOINT STOCK COMAPANY)

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE PERIOD FROM APRIL 1, 2022 TO DECEMBER 31, 2022

16- RELATED PARTIES BALANCES AND TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)

The following is a summary of due to related parties that appears in these consolidated statement of financial position (Continued):

(Commuta).		(Saudi Riyal)		
Name of related party	Type of relationship	December 31, 2022	March 31, 2022	
Hajen Company	Affiliate	896,540	350,028	
Al Farida Information Technology Company	Affiliate	500,000	=	
Kika (Home Furniture Company Limited)	Affiliate	500,000	500,000	
Marakez Holding for Real Estate Company	Sister company	118,949	482,760	
Horizon Contracting Company	Sister company	130,000		
Food & Entertainment Co.	Affiliate	-	2,210,638	
Noura Bint Muhammed Al rabea EST	Affiliate	<u>-</u>	14,703,592	
Total		574,742,041	41,791,239	

Transactions of executive management personnel compensation:

Compensation of the Group's executive management personnel includes salaries, non-cash benefits and contributions to long-term employment benefits. Compensation and bonuses for executive management employees are as follows:

	(Saudi Riyal)		
	For the period from For the year		
	April 1, 2022 to	April 1, 2021 to	
	December 31, 2022	March 31, 2022	
Compensation to key management personnel	29,040,181	36,141,597	
Board of Directors remuneration and compensation	26,749,885	34,630,533	
Post-employment benefits	4,208,154	3,946,454	
Total	59,998,220	74,718,584	

17- ACCRUED REVENUES

Accrued revenue represents unamortized portion of lease incentives including discounts, rent free period and straight lining. It is presented in the consolidated statement of financial position as follows:

(Saudi Riyal)

	December 31, 2022	March 31, 2022
Accrued revenue – non-current portion	164,768,157	211,674,126
Accrued revenue – current portion	82,384,078	105,837,066
	247,152,235	317,511,192
18- CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		
	(Saudi l	Riyal)
	December 31, 2022	March 31, 2022
Cash at banks (A)	591,588,919	681,273,183

	December 51, 2022	Wiaicii 51, 2022
Cash at banks (A)	591,588,919	681,273,183
Cheques under collection	231,323,093	27,682,406
Cash on hand	52,955,602	31,779,496
Total	875,867,614	740,735,085

A. Cash at banks includes as of March 31, 2022: SR 6 million which represents placement deposits with a financial institution. The deposits are for short term period and carries average profit rate of 1.8% (31 March 2022: 1.5% and 31 March 2021: 0.9%). It also includes cash deposits in a foreign bank amounting to SR 10.45 million (March 31, 2022: Nil) with maturities date less than three months from the date of deposit.

19- SHARE CAPITAI

The Company's capital amounted to SR 10,000,000, divided into 1,000,000 equal stock, the value of each stock is SR 10 distributed between the shareholders as follows:

			(Saudi R	aiyal)
Shareholders name	Percentage	No. of stock	Value of stock	Total
Mr. Fawaz Abdulaziz Al-Hokair	31%	310,000	10	3,100,000
Mr. Salman Abdulaziz Al-Hokair	31%	310,000	10	3,100,000
Dr. Abdul Majeed Abdulaziz Al-Hokair	31%	310,000	10	3,100,000
Fawaz Abdulaziz Al-Hokair & Co. Holding Co.	3.5%	35,000	10	350,000
SAAF International Group Limited	3.5%	35,000	10	350,000
Total	100%	1,000,000	- -	10,000,000

(A SAUDI CLOSED JOINT STOCK COMAPANY)

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE PERIOD FROM APRIL 1, 2022 TO DECEMBER 31, 2022

20- GENERAL RESERVES

In accordance with Company's By-laws, the Company is required to transfer 10% of its net profit each year to establish reserves until this reserve reaches 30% of its share capital.

21- OTHER RESERVES

Movement in other reserves for the year ended March 31, 2022 is as follows:

Movement in other reserves for the year ended march	1 31, 2022 IS as 10		: D:1)	
		(Saudi	i Riyal)	
	Cumulative			
	foreign			
	currency	Cumulative	Unrealized	
	translation	actuarial	gains on other	
	reserve (A)	gains	investments	Total
Balance as of April 1, 2021	(342,540,449)	44,272,950	(33,873,567)	(332,141,066)
Cumulative foreign currency translation differences	(136,729,989)		-	(136,729,989)
Re-measurements of employees' defined benefits	(100,725,505)			(100,72),50)
obligations	_	8,396,905	_	8,396,905
Change in fair value through other comprehensive		0,000		0,000,000
income	-	-	71,158,062	71,158,062
Balance as of March 31, 2022	(479,270,438)	52,669,855	37,284,495	(389,316,088)
Transfer of foreign currency translation reserve to	, , , ,			, , , ,
retained earnings on disposal of investments	129,941,316	-	-	129,941,316
Cumulative foreign currency translation differences	2,331,844	-	-	2,331,844
Re-measurements of employees' end-of service				
benefits	-	3,520,131	-	3,520,131
Hedging gain	-	-	1,523,092	1,523,092
Movement of equity investments at FVOCI of				
Parent – net change in fair value	-	_	38,796,964	38,796,964
Transfer of fair value reserve to retained earnings on				
disposal of investments			(55,612,268)	(55,612,268)
Balance as of December 31, 2022	(346,997,278)	56,189,986	21,992,283	(268,815,009)

⁽A) Cumulative currency translation reserves represent exchange translation difference in respect of net investment in foreign operations of subsidiaries.

22- LOANS AND BORROWINGS

	(Saudi Riyal)		
	December 31, 2022	March 31, 2022	
Balance as of beginning of the period / year	17,610,177,072	16,897,393,912	
Paid during the period / year	(391,282,349)	(4,402,589,877)	
Received during the period / year	816,767,768	5,115,373,037	
	18,035,662,491	17,610,177,072	
Less: unamortized transaction cost	(161,797,578)	(185,254,028)	
Deferred Sukuk premium	27,426,090	32,911,308	
Balance as of end of the period / year	17,901,291,003	17,457,834,352	
Short term borrowings	297,138,465	221,789,714	
Current portion of long-term borrowings	4,299,939,764	3,881,233,062	
Loans and borrowings – current liabilities	4,597,078,229	4,103,022,776	
Loans and borrowings – non-current liabilities	13,304,212,774	13,354,811,576	
Total	17,901,291,003	17,457,834,352	

(A SAUDI CLOSED JOINT STOCK COMAPANY)

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE PERIOD FROM APRIL 1, 2022 TO DECEMBER 31, 2022

22- LOANS AND BORROWINGS (CONTINUED)

Facility-wise break-up of loans and borrowings alongwith terms is as follows:

	(Saudi Riyal)		
Note	December 31, 2022	March 31, 2022	
A	12,015,163,770	11,619,866,162	
В	5,156,200,000	5,156,200,000	
C	683,000,000	683,000,000	
	139,081,589	60,539,626	
D	34,160,256	78,666,065	
E	8,056,876	11,905,219	
	18,035,662,491	17,610,177,072	
	27,426,090	32,911,308	
F	(161,797,578)	(185,254,028)	
	17,901,291,003	17,457,834,352	
	A B C D E	Note December 31, 2022 A 12,015,163,770 B 5,156,200,000 C 683,000,000 139,081,589 D 34,160,256 E 8,056,876 18,035,662,491 27,426,090 F (161,797,578)	

A. Islamic facility with local and international banks (murabaha)

Saudi FAS Holding Company

Saudi FAS Holding Company has entered into various Islamic and other facility arrangements amounting to SR 4,578 million (March 31, 2022: SR 4,808 million) with local and international banks. The borrowings are secured by a mortgage on specific asset, personal guarantees of the shareholders, portfolio of the shares in subsidiaries, demand promissory note and promissory notes. As per the agreements the terms of the loans will be completed in the years from 2021 to 2031. These facilities carry mark up at SIBOR plus agreed margin

Fawaz Abdulaziz Al Hokair & Co.

Fawaz Abdulaziz Al Hokair & Co.signed a long-term Murabaha financing agreement with a National Commercial Bank as the Murabaha Investment Agent and Murabaha Participants, amounting to facilities of SR 2,400 million and USD 166,000 on March 1, 2020. As per the terms of the agreement, the term of the Murabaha facility is for a period of seven years. The Murabaha facility is secured by promissory notes issued by the Group. The facility is repayable in six half yearly installments commencing after 12 months from the date of signing the agreement. As of December 31, 2022, the Group has fully utilized this facility. The interest rate on this facility is SIBOR + 2.7% on loan tranche taken in SR and LIBOR + 3% on loan tranche taken in USD.

The loans contain certain financial covenants. A breach of covenants may lead to renegotiation including increase in profit rates, withdrawal of facility or repayment on demand. The covenants are monitored on a periodic basis by management. In case of potential breach, actions are taken by management to ensure compliance. As of December 31, 2022, there has been non-compliance of certain covenants on the outstanding facility.

The Murabaha commercial terms agreement between the Group and the lending banks mandates that the existing breach of the financial covenants existing breach of financial covenants and clean down conditions considered as an event of default which in turns allows the banks to declare the whole loan outstanding balance to be immediately due and accordingly as of March 31, 2021 the long-term loan balance of SR 2,253 million has been reclassified to be part of the current liabilities on the consolidated statement of financial position. The Group requested the lenders to waive the breach of loans covenants more than once during the year to which the lenders did not agree. However, the lenders have agreed that any waivers of the breach of loan covenants will only be considered in light of successful implementation of Capital Restructuring Transaction, the prepayment of revolving Murabaha Facilities and the corresponding partial cancellation of commitments under the Revolving Murabaha Facilities. The Board of Directors in their meeting dated November 10, 2021 had resolved that the Group will proceed with the rights issue of SR 1,000 million. On the board's recommendation, the shareholders through an extra-ordinary general meeting held on June 29, 2022 have approved the reduction of the share capital of the parent company to absorb the accumulated losses of SR 952 million as of December 31, 2021. The rights issue is yet to be approved by the shareholders.

During 2022, the Group signed a Murabaha term financing agreement with a Riyadh Bank amounting to SR 150 million. As per the terms of the agreement, the term of the Murabaha facility is for a period of three years including 6 months grace period. The facility is repayable in 36 monthly installments commencing after 6 months from the date of signing the agreement. The agreement was signed in November 2022.

(A SAUDI CLOSED JOINT STOCK COMAPANY)

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE PERIOD FROM APRIL 1, 2022 TO DECEMBER 31, 2022

22- LOANS AND BORROWINGS (CONTINUED)

A. Islamic facility with local and international banks (murabaha) (Continued)

Arabian Centres Company

Arabian Centres Company entered into a long-term Islamic facility arrangement amounting to SR 5.3 billion (equivalent USD 1.4 billion), with local and international banks. This facility is divided into a Murabaha facility up to SR 500 million (maturing in 12 years), Ijara facilities up to SR 4 billion (maturing in 8 and 12 years), and Revolving Murabaha up to SR 750 million (maturing in 3 years). These facilities are fully utilized as at reporting date.

The long-term loan is repayable in unequal semi-annual instalments and are subject to commission rates based on SIBOR/LIBOR plus an agreed commission rate. In order to reduce its exposure to commission rate risks the Group has entered into an Islamic profit rate swap for portion of its long-term loan.

The facilities are secured by insurance policies, proceeds of rental income, and land and buildings of several malls.

During the nine-month period ended December 31, 2022, the Group borrowed an additional SR 575 million from the existing Revolving Murabaha Facility.

During the period ended December 31, 2022, the subsidiary of the Arabian Centres Company has entered into a long term islamic facility arrangement amounting to SR 1,000 million with local bank. The long-term loan is repayable in unequal semi-annual instalments and are subject to commission rates based on SIBOR/LIBOR plus an agreed commission rate. The facilities are secured by Land.

During the nine-month period ended December 31, 2022, the Group has drawn SR 63 million from the facility.

The above facility agreements contain covenants, which among other things, require certain financial ratios to be maintained.

FAS Real Estate Company

FAS Real Estate Company has entered into an islamic facility amounting to SR 150 million with a local bank. The borrowings are secured by a mortgage on specific asset, personal guarantees of the shareholders, portfolio of the shares in subsidiaries, demand promissory note and promissory notes. These facilities carry mark up at SIBOR plus agreed margin.

Alinma Dhahiat Al Riyadh Real Estate Fund

On 30 November 2020, the SPV of the Fund, on behalf of the Fund, entered into credit facility agreement limited to SR 1.6 billion to finance the purchase and development of the property inventory. As of December 31, 2022, SR 509 million represents the unused portion of the facility.

The borrowing arrangement carries a special commission rate of one-year SIBOR + 3.0% per annum with minimum of 5.75%, payable on an annual basis. The principal amount is repayable in full at the end of the term of financing arrangement, i.e., August 26, 2026. The borrowing is secured against the pledge of title deed of the property inventory.

During the period ended December 31, 2022, the Fund capitalized financial charges amounted to SR 93.688 million.

The borrowing arrangement principally includes financial covenants with respect to maintaining certain level of outstanding balance to land value ratio. As of December 31, 2022, the Fund was in compliance with its financial covenants.

B. Sukuk

Arabian Centres Company

On 20 November 2019, Arabian Centres Sukuk Limited (a special purpose company established for the purpose of issuing Sukuk) completed the issuance of an International USD denominated Shari'ah compliant Sukuk "Sukuk Certificates" amounting to USD 500 million (equivalent SR 1.9 billion), at a par value of USD 0.2 million each, annual yield of 5.375% payable semi-annually and a maturity of five years. Sukuk Certificates may be subject to early redemption at the option of the Company as per certain specified conditions mentioned in the Sukuk Certificate.

On 7 April 2021, Arabian Centres Sukuk II Limited (a special purpose company established for the purpose of issuing Sukuk) completed the issuance of five and a half year International USD denominated Shari'ah compliant Sukuk "Sukuk II Certificates" amounting to USD 650 million (equivalent SR 2.46 billion), at a par value of USD 0.2 million each, annual yield of 5.625% payable semi-annually. On 28 July 2021, the Company issued additional Sukuk II certificates amounting to USD 225 million (equivalent SR 843.75 million), at a premium of 4.75%. Sukuk Certificates may be subject

to early redemption at the option of the Company as per specified conditions mentioned in the Sukuk Certificate.

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE PERIOD FROM APRIL 1, 2022 TO DECEMBER 31, 2022

22- LOANS AND BORROWINGS (CONTINUED)

C. Term-loan from Local Commercial Banks

FAS Hospitality Limited Company

The Group obtained working capital loans of SR 683 million from Alinma bank to a period of eleven years from the date of the first withdrawal. Profit margin is SIBOR rate + 3% per annum and with a floor of 5.75% per annum. There is a grace period of two years from the date of the first withdrawal. The loan installment will be repaid on an annual basis starting from July 2024 and ending on October 2032. The agreement is subject to debt arrangement costs of SR 6 million. These facilities are secured by mortgage of the land of Aloft Riyadh Hotel, Aloft Dhahran Hotel, Marriott Courtyard Riyadh, and Sheraton Hotel Jeddah for the bank and personal guarantee by Mr. Fawaz Abdulaziz Al Hokair, Mr. Salman Abdulaziz Al Hokair, Mr. Abdul Majeed Abdulaziz Al Hokair and Saudi FAS Holding Company.

D. Financing against Solar Plant Project

FAS Energy for Trading Company

During 2019 and 2020, loan agreements were signed between a subsidiary and a foreign bank for the purpose of financing solar power station projects. The loan amounted to USD 29,000,000 that will be repaid in 18 installments. With a profit margin in addition to the Corridor rate. These loans are secured by insurance policies from the solar power station in the amount of USD 20,000,000.

E. Banking facilities of GCC subsidiaries

Fawaz Abdulaziz Al Hokair & Co.

The borrowings under GCC subsidiaries are secured by corporate guarantee given by the Parent Company. The facility is for short-term period on prevailing market terms.

F. The movement in unamortized transaction cost is as follows:

	(Saudi Riyal)	
	December 31, 2022	March 31, 2022
Balance as of beginning of the period / year	185,254,028	132,500,464
Additions during the period / year	5,118,750	97,682,652
Capitalized arrangement fees	(4,055,972)	(8,443,571)
Amortized to statement of comprehensive income (Note 32)	(24,519,228)	(36,485,517)
Balance as of ending of the period / year	161,797,578	185,254,028

23- EMPLOYEES' DEFINED BENEFITS OBLIGATIONS

The movement in the defined benefits obligations for employees during the period / year is as follows:

	(Saudi Riyal)		
	December 31, 2022	March 31, 2022	
Balance as of beginning of the period / year	140,344,988	142,527,185	
Current service costs	21,715,359	31,291,093	
Past service cost	-	101,099	
Finance cost	3,626,935	4,228,634	
Actuarial remeasurement - OCI	(4,757,066)	(11,619,430)	
Paid during the period / year	(18,061,998)	(26,183,593)	
Disposal of subsidiary	(3,098,551)	=	
Balance as of end of the period / year	139,769,667	140,344,988	

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE PERIOD FROM APRIL 1, 2022 TO DECEMBER 31, 2022

23- EMPLOYEES' DEFINED BENEFITS OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

The following is the sensitivity analyses of the main actuarial assumptions:

	December 31, 2022	March 31, 2022
Discount rate	4.25% - 5.35%	3.2% - 4.1%
Salary increase rate	3% - 5%	0% - 4%
Duration of liability (in years)	60	60

Employees benefits sensitivity analyzes have been prepared based on the method that extrapolates the impact on the defined benefit obligation as a result of reasonable changes in key assumptions that occur at the end of the financial year. Sensitivity analyzes are based on the change in the material assumption, holding all other assumptions held constant. Sensitivity analyzes may not be reflective of the actual change in the defined benefits obligation, nor is it likely that changes in assumptions will occur in isolation.

	Decemb	December 31, 2022		March 31, 2022	
	%	(Saudi Riyal)	%	(Saudi Riyal)	
Discount rate					
Increase	+1%	126,624,364	+1%	127,048,852	
Decrease	-1%	153,369,138	-1%	155,513,039	
Expected salary increase rate					
Increase	+1%	153,429,870	+1%	155,402,402	
Decrease	-1%	126,362,988	-1%	126,895,371	

Risks related to employees defined benefits obligations:

Risks of increasing salaries:

The most common type of retirement benefit is the one in which benefits are linked to final salaries. Risks arise when actual increases are higher than expected and therefore affect the obligation.

Withdrawal risks:

Actual withdrawal risks that vary with valuation assumptions can pose risks to benefit obligations. The movement in commitment can be launched in both directions.

24- OTHER NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES

	(Saudi I	(Saudi Riyal)	
	December 31, 2022	March 31, 2022	
Tenants' security deposits	47,571,467	53,583,832	
Obligation related to investments	18,165,537	18,165,537	
Payables to contractors	1,655,510	49,624,398	
Total	67,392,514	121,373,767	

25- UNEARNED REVENUES

Unearned revenue represents cash received against services to be performed or goods to be delivered by the Group in the future. At the end of each accounting period, adjusting entries are made to recognize the portion of unearned revenue that has been earned during the year.

26- ACCRUED EXPENSES AND OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES

	(Saudi Riyal)	
	December 31, 2022 March	
	<u> </u>	Restated – Note 39
Accrued financial charges	380,073,025	230,563,680
Accrued expenses	232,462,935	282,349,374
Sub-contractor's cost	193,060,702	196,496,463
Employees' salaries and benefits	112,766,522	119,932,943
Tenants security deposits	111,101,639	93,374,649
VAT Payable	91,178,692	-
Obligation related to investment -current portion	48,843,797	48,843,797
Government duties	30,774,415	-
Consignment margin	2,811,605	41,329,218
Provision for white land tax	1,621,478	8,829,546
Royalty payable	-	39,810,649
Others	21,949,779	91,791,997
	1,226,644,589	1,153,322,316

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE PERIOD FROM APRIL 1, 2022 TO DECEMBER 31, 2022

27- ZAKAT AND TAX LIABILITIES

Zakat provision is calculated in accordance with the regulations issued by Zakat, Tax and Customs Authority (ZATCA). Amounts related to zakat and tax liabilities recognized in the consolidated statement of financial position is as follows:

	(Saudi	(Saudi Riyal)	
	December 31, 2022	March 31, 2022	
		Restated – Note 39	
Provision for zakat	173,278,396	185,446,721	
Provision for income tax	19,604,778	13,299,860	
	192,883,174	198,746,581	

Provision for zakat

The movement in the provision for zakat is as follows:

	(Saudi Riyal)		
	December 31, 2022 March		
		Restated – Note 39	
Balance as of beginning of the period / year	185,446,721	135,025,314	
Zakat charge current period / year	69,567,639	109,053,795	
Zakat charge prior years – charge / (reverse)	(8,065,124)	=	
Transferred (to)/ from related parties	(9,591,684)	3,778,814	
Adjustments	(28,941,676)	=	
Paid during the period / year	(35,137,480)	(62,411,202)	
Balance as of end of the period / year	173,278,396	185,446,721	

Status of zakat assessments of the Company and its local subsidiaries is as follows:

Saudi FAS Holding Company

The zakat return of the Company was submitted by the shareholders of the Company on combination basis, including Saudi FAS Holding Company and its subsidiaries. However, despite the fact that the shareholders of the Company submit a combined zakat return, the Company's management calculates and records the zakat provision based on the Company's individual zakat base. The company did not recognize zakat provision due to negative zakat base. Final zakat certificate was obtained until December 31, 2022. The Company did not receive any assessments for the previous years.

Fawaz Abdulaziz Al Hokair & Company

Fawaz Abdulaziz Al Hokair & Company has filed its zakat returns with ZATCA for all years up to and including the year ended 31 March 2022. The zakat returns from year 31 March 2015 to 31 March 2021 are under review of ZATCA. The Company finalized zakat assessment for the year 31 March 2008 to 2014 in prior year according to decision received by appeal committee which resulted in amount payable of SR 36.2 million.

Arabian Centres Company

The Group has submitted the zakat return up to the year ended 31 March 2022 and obtained the provisional zakat certificate. The zakat certificate is valid until 31 July 2023.

Until the year ended 31 March 2019, the Ultimate Parent Company prepared and submitted combined zakat returns for the Ultimate Parent Company and its wholly owned subsidiaries, including Arabian Centres Company, to the Zakat, Tax and Customs Authority as per Zakat, Tax and Customs Authority letter. The ultimate parent Company has received final assessment order for zakat until the year 31 March 2016.

Provision for income tax

The movement in the provision for income tax is as follows:

	(Saudi Riyal)		
	December 31, 2022	March 31, 2022	
Balance as of beginning of the period / year	13,299,860	10,330,872	
Current year income	15,268,540	12,703,524	
Currency exchange difference	(5,351,926)	16,850	
Paid during the period / year	(3,611,696)	(9,751,386)	
Balance as of end of the period / year	19,604,778	13,299,860	

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE PERIOD FROM APRIL 1, 2022 TO DECEMBER 31, 2022

27- ZAKAT AND TAX LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

Provision for income tax (Continued)

Status of income tax assessments of foreign subsidiaries of Fawaz Abdulaziz Al Hokair & Company is as follows:

The income tax returns for subsidiaries in Egypt, Azerbaijan, Morocco, Georgia and Balkan Countries have been filed for all years until 31 December 2022 and for Jordan subsidiaries have been filed for all the years until 31 March 2022. For Kazakhstan and Armenia, the income tax returns have been filed up to 31 December 2021.

The income tax returns for above subsidiaries are under review by the relevant tax authorities. As at 31 December 2022, there are no pending adverse assessments relating to income tax in any of the subsidiaries. The Group has accrued income tax liabilities and there are no significant penalties under local jurisdictions due to delay in filing of tax returns for above subsidiaries.

Deferred tax:

The movement in the provision for deferred tax is as follows:

	(Saddi Kiyai)		
	December 31, 2022	March 31, 2022	
Balance as of beginning of the period / year	15,287,169	8,447,163	
Provision for the year	3,598,678	4,769,695	
Additions on acquisition of subsidiary	-	2,182,699	
Currency exchange difference	(5,366,691)	14,857	
Paid during the period / year	(99,576)	(127,245)	
Balance as of end of the period / year	13,419,580	15,287,169	

(Coudi Divol)

28- REVENUES

	(Saudi Riyal)		
	For the period from	For the year from	
	April 1, 2022 to	April 1, 2021 to	
	December 31, 2022	March 31, 2022	
Apparels - point in time	3,400,544,329	4,135,028,127	
Footwear & accessories - point in time	105,181,500	360,152,378	
Food and beverages - point in time	368,034,506	517,201,391	
Other retail sales - point in time	670,161,879	1,055,265,524	
Total from sale of goods	4,543,922,214	6,067,647,420	
Rental income – <i>over time</i>	1,267,484,494	1,495,236,065	
Service charges, management charges and other expenses			
recoverable from tenants – over time	93,827,737	96,922,520	
Revenue from rendering of services – over time	173,296,200	85,086,496	
Turnover rent - point in time	38,941,267	54,601,964	
Service concession arrangements – <i>point in time</i>	64,613,013	64,871,038	
Commission income on provisions for utilities for heavy			
users, net	3,444,861	4,278,194	
Others	1,670,352	2,305,661	
Total	6,187,200,138	7,870,949,358	

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE PERIOD FROM APRIL 1, 2022 TO DECEMBER 31, 2022

29- COST OF REVENUES

	(Saudi Riyal)		
	For the period from	For the year from	
	April 1, 2022 to	April 1, 2021 to	
	December 31, 2022	March 31, 2022	
Cost of goods sold	2,626,810,910	3,428,911,008	
Employee salaries and other benefits	503,076,640	754,542,361	
Utility expenses	166,082,169	226,576,860	
Cost of sales- energy	109,072,569	-	
Rent expense	60,088,327	47,423,274	
Cleaning expenses	53,740,463	70,937,026	
Security expenses	45,941,136	50,526,093	
Fees and taxes	44,203,500	-	
Repairs and maintenance expense	43,102,756	64,351,286	
Cost of services	42,078,286	12,177,171	
Shipping expenses	34,948,879	-	
Losses on lease reassessment (Note 8)	34,863,300	23,687,877	
Inventory provision (Note 13)	21,732,326	61,153,603	
Other expenses	57,249,145	153,531,504	
Total	3,842,990,406	4,893,818,063	

30- GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

	(Saudi Riyal)		
	For the period from For the year from		
	April 1, 2022 to	April 1, 2021 to	
	December 31, 2022	March 31, 2022	
Employees' salaries and related benefits	332,437,678	388,898,860	
Legal and Professional fees	67,123,378	52,597,794	
Travel and communication expenses	28,312,336	20,175,795	
Insurance	11,190,138	13,084,227	
Government fees and related charges	10,776,213	20,362,828	
Management expenses	9,000,000	8,444,309	
Rent expense	8,779,728	3,638,581	
Utilities and maintenance	8,602,555	25,396,661	
Advertising and publishing	8,198,262	-	
Stationery and supplies	6,155,346	19,164,974	
Bank charges	3,594,722	10,766,955	
Others	78,691,958	114,446,633	
Total	572,862,314	676,977,617	

31- SELLING AND MARKETING EXPENSES

51- SELLING AND MARKETING EXICENSES		
	(Saudi F	₹iyal)
	For the period from	For the year from
	April 1, 2022 to	April 1, 2021 to
	December 31, 2022	March 31, 2022
Employees' salaries and related benefits	54,161,594	74,046,403
Bank charges	14,178,235	11,815,993
Advertising and promotions	102,099,381	99,655,988
Others	27,409,975	29,694,936
Total	197,849,185	215,213,320

(A SAUDI CLOSED JOINT STOCK COMAPANY)

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE PERIOD FROM APRIL 1, 2022 TO DECEMBER 31, 2022

32- FINANCE COST ON LOANS AND BORROWINGS

	(Saudi I	Riyal)
	For the period from April 1, 2022 to December 31, 2022	For the year from April 1, 2021 to March 31, 2022
Commissions- term loans (Note 22)	477,020,572	550,423,697
Amortization of transaction costs including write off	24,519,228	36,485,517
Bank charges for loan facilities	1,064,987	5,878,530
Other financing cost	191,783	8,287,750
Total	502,796,570	601,075,494

33- OTHER INCOME / (EXPENSES)

33- OTHER INCOME / (EXI ENGES)	(Saudi Riyal)		
	For the period from	For the year from	
	April 1, 2022 to	April 1, 2021 to	
	December 31, 2022	March 31, 2022	
Rental concession for leases (Note 8)	26,254,275	32,555,860	
Foreign currency exchange differences	3,009,529	29,204,907	
Gain on lease termination	5,538,224	19,213,797	
Accounts payable write off	2,711,250	-	
Services rendered to subsidiaries	875,000	-	
Return on short term deposits	779,846	-	
Gain on disposal of investment in real estate fund (Note 11)	180,000	-	
Impairment loss on advances to suppliers	(3,000,000)	-	
Profit from sale of shares of subsidiaries	(11,993,647)	(61,029,611)	
Loss on disposal of investment properties (Note 7.1)	(20,164,130)	(28,260,990)	
Store closure losses	(14,230,201)	(50,396,337)	
Compensation received from landlord	-	3,750,000	
Waiver of amount payable to disposed subsidiaries	-	18,129,016	
Commission income on bank deposits	-	4,388,605	
Gain on assets held for sale	-	429,474	
Loss on transfer of subsidiaries	-	(18,194,017)	
Real estate tax on purchase of investment property	-	(12,645,300)	
Loss on disposal of property and equipment (Note 6)	-	(251,335,562)	
Other	39,629,674	66,372,854	
Total	29,589,820	(247,817,304)	

34- COMMITMENTS AND CONTIGENCIES

	(Saudi R	Riyal)
	For the period from April 1, 2022 to	For the year from April 1, 2021 to
	December 31, 2022	March 31, 2022
Commitments relating to Projects (Note 6,7)	3.5 billion	3.8 billion
Letter of Guarantees	0.64 billion	0.64 billion
Letter of Credits	0.46 billion	0.42 billion

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE PERIOD FROM APRIL 1, 2022 TO DECEMBER 31, 2022

35- NON-CONTROLLING INTEREST (NCI)

1,01, 001,110221,0 1,121	202 (1,01)	(Saudi Riy	val)	
As of December 31, 2022	Fawaz Abdulaziz Al Hokair & Co.	Arabian Centres Company and its Subsidiaries	Other material Subsidiaries	Total
NCI Percentage Total assets Total liabilities	31.48% 7,153,519,262 6,807,027,347	22.47% 25,876,858,984 11,808,258,279	-	33,030,378,246 18,615,285,626
NCI from the sub-subsidiaries (A) Total net assets before NCI of Sub- subsidiaries NCI from the subsidiary (B)	(92,125,951) 438,617,866 138,055,965	49,482,783 14,019,117,922 3,150,068,644	50,320,848	7,677,680 14,407,414,940 3,288,124,609
Total NCI from the subsidiaries and sub-subsidiaries (A+B)	45,930,014	3,199,551,427	50,320,848	3,295,802,289
Total comprehensive income NCI from the Sub-subsidiaries (A) Total comprehensive income before	127,689,566 541,744	839,506,053 5,085,525	(252,192)	967,195,619 5,375,077
NCI of Sub- subsidiaries	127,147,822	834,420,528	(252,192)	961,316,158
NCI from the subsidiaries (B)	40,020,064	187,492,677		227,512,741
Total NCI from the subsidiaries and sub-subsidiaries (A+B)	40,561,808	192,578,202	(252,192)	232,887,818
		(Saudi Riy	val)	
As of March 31, 2022	Fawaz Abdulaziz Al Hokair & Co.	Arabian Centres Company and its Subsidiaries	Other material Subsidiaries	Total
NCI Percentage Total assets Total liabilities NCI from the sub-subsidiaries (A) Total net assets before NCI of Sub-	30.8% 7,362,827,074 7,158,659,549 (107,079,020)	21.62% 26,085,926,175 12,500,581,523 44,397,258	101,933,438	33,448,753,249 19,659,241,072 39,251,676
subsidiaries NCI from the subsidiary (B) Total NCI from the subsidiaries and	311,246,545 95,893,578	13,540,947,394 2,928,198,730	(101,933,438)	13,750,260,501 3,024,092,308
sub-subsidiaries (A+B)	(11,185,442)	2,972,595,988	101,933,438	3,063,343,984
Total comprehensive income NCI from the Sub-subsidiaries (A) Total comprehensive income before	111,406,415 (7,108,920)	757,022,634 (25,222,590)	(9,814,198)	868,429,049 (42,145,708)
NCI of Sub- subsidiaries	118,515,335	782,245,224	(9,814,198)	890,946,361
NCI from the subsidiaries (B)	36,514,010	169,158,731		205,672,741
Total NCI from the subsidiaries and sub-subsidiaries (A+B)	29,405,090	143,936,141	(9,814,198)	163,527,033

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE PERIOD FROM APRIL 1, 2022 TO DECEMBER 31, 2022

36- DISPOSAL OF GROUP SUBSIDIARIES

A) On October 1, 2022, the Group disposed off its two of the subsidiaries, Azal Restaurants Company and First Pizza Company under food and beverage segment. The results from the operations of disposed off entities have been added line by line in the consolidated Statement of comprehensive income and its related notes until October 1, 2022 i.e., the date of disposal.

B) During the nine-month period ended December 31, 2022, the Group sold its 100% equity interest in two subsidiaries to related party and accordingly these have been deconsolidated from the date of disposal, August 14, 2022. There were no operations in these subsidiaries.

C) During the period, the shareholders of Company decided to dispose-off investment in Al Farida Information Technology Group.

Details of assets and liabilities of group disposed off and resulting gain are as follows:

		(Saudi Riya	al)	
		Group subsidia	ries of	_
	Fawaz	Arabian Centres	Saudi FAS	
	Abdulaziz Al	Company and its	Holding	
	Hokair & Co.	Subsidiaries	G	
As at date of disposal	(A)	(B)	(C)	Total
ASSETS				
Investment properties	-	557,480,304	-	557,480,304
Property and equipment	28,072,452	-	-	28,072,452
Right of use assets	62,364,059	-	-	62,364,059
Inventories	2,033,027	-	-	2,033,027
Due from related party	•	2,293,125	500,000	2,793,125
Prepayments and other current assets	3,697,440	•	-	3,697,440
Cash and cash equivalents	8,011,588	-	-	8,011,588
TOTAL ASSETS	104,178,566	559,773,429	500,000	664,451,995
Liabilities				
Employee benefits	3,098,551	-	-	3,098,551
Lease liability	65,171,864	558,955,429	-	624,127,293
Accounts payable and accruals	34,454,524	78,100	82,767	34,615,391
Due to related parties	-	-	119,697	119,697
•	102,724,939	559,033,529	202,464	661,960,932
Net assets disposed	1,453,627	739,900	297,536	2,491,063
Share of non-controlling interest	373,901		-	373,901
Group's share of net assets	1,827,528	739,900	297,536	2,864,964
Goodwill disposed off (Note 9)	9,800,000	•	-	9,800,000
Net book value	11,627,528	739,900	297,536	12,664,964
Consideration for disposal	25,000,000	750,000	297,536	26,047,536
Gain on disposal of subsidiaries	13,372,472	10,100		13,382,572

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE PERIOD FROM APRIL 1, 2022 TO DECEMBER 31, 2022

37- FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Group is exposed to the following risks as a result of its use of financial instruments:

- Credit risk
- Liquidity risk
- · Market risk
- · Commission rate risk
- Currency risk
- Equity price risk
- · Capital management risk

This note shows information about the Group's exposure to each of the above risks, the Group's objectives, policies and methods for measuring and managing risks.

GENERAL FRAMEWORK FOR RISK MANAGEMENT

The overall responsibility for the preparation and monitoring of risk management rests with the Group's management. The Group's risk management policies are designed to identify and analyze the risks faced by the Group and to set appropriate controls and limits on the extent of exposure to those risks and then monitor them to ensure that the limits set are not exceeded. Risk management policies and systems are reviewed periodically to reflect changes in market conditions and the Group's activities. The Group's management aims, through training, standards and procedures set by the management, to develop a constructive and organized control environment so that each employee understands his role and the duties assigned to him.

CREDIT RISK

Credit risk represents the inability of one party to meet its obligations, which leads to the other party incurring a financial loss. The Group's policy states that all customers who wish to deal on a deferred basis are subject to a credit check. Financial instruments that are subject to concentration of credit risk mainly consist of cash at bank. The Group deposits cash with a number of financial institutions with good credit rating, and it has a policy based on setting limits on its deposited balances with each financial institution. The Group does not believe that there are significant risks from the inefficiency of these institutions and the Group does not consider itself exposed to concentrations of credit risks with respect to debtors due to the diversity of its customer base working in various activities and located in multiple regions.

Amounts due from related parties

An impairment analysis is performed at each reporting date on an individual basis for the major related parties. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date is the carrying value of the amounts due from related parties (Note 16). The Group does not hold collateral as a security. This assessment is undertaken each financial year through examining the financial position of the related parties and the market in which the related parties operates. The Group evaluates the risk with respect to amounts due from related parties as low, as majority of the related parties are owned by the same shareholders directly or indirectly.

Trade receivable, accrued revenue and other financial assets

Customers are evaluated according to the Group's standards before entering into service contracts. The Group does not believe that there is a significant risk of inefficiency of these institutions and does not consider itself exposed to credit risk concentrations in relation to debtors due to the diversity of its customer base operating in various activities and located in multiple regions.

The Group applies the IFRS 9 simplified approach to measuring expected credit losses which uses a lifetime expected loss allowance for all financial assets measured at amortized cost.

The key inputs into the measurement of ECL are the following variables:

- Probability of default ("PD") using statistical model (i.e. normal distribution curve)
- GDP of KSA, as a macroeconomic variable to adjust the historic loss rate

The maximum credit risk to which the Group is exposed is represented by the value of the financial assets listed in the consolidated statement of financial position as follows:

	(Saudi I	(Saudi Riyal)		
	December 31, 2022	March 31, 2022		
Due from related parties	223,889,963	657,553,438		
Trade receivables	456,002,267	300,181,650		
Cash at banks	812,460,593	708,955,589		
Accrued revenues	247,152,235	317,511,192		
Other current assets	286,005,799	215,110,083		
Total	2,025,510,857	2,199,311,952		

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE PERIOD FROM APRIL 1, 2022 TO DECEMBER 31, 2022

37- FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

LIOUIDITY RISK

Liquidity risk represents the difficulty that the Group faces in raising funds to meet commitments related to financial instruments. Liquidity risk can result from the inability to sell a financial asset quickly at an amount close to its fair value. The Group's conditions of sale stipulate that the amounts are to be paid in cash upon supply of the goods or on a deferred basis. The contractual maturities of non-derivative financial liabilities are as follows:

		(Saudi I	Kiyai)	
		Contractual	Less than	More than
As of December 31, 2022	Book value	Cash flows	a year	a year
Loans and borrowings	17,901,291,003	17,901,291,003	4,597,078,229	13,304,212,774
Lease liabilities	3,874,744,761	3,874,744,761	757,195,906	3,117,548,855
Due to related parties	574,742,041	574,742,041	574,742,041	-
Trade payables	917,482,068	917,482,068	917,482,068	-
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities	1,226,644,589	1,226,644,589	1,226,644,589	
Total	24,494,904,462	24,494,904,462	8,073,142,833	16,421,761,629
	(Saudi Rival)			
		(Saudi l	Riyal)	
		(Saudi l Contractual	Riyal) Less than	More than
As of March 31, 2022	Book value	(12.11.11.11	J /	More than a year
As of March 31, 2022 Loans and borrowings	Book value 17,457,834,352	Contractual	Less than	
		Contractual Cash flows	Less than a year	a year
Loans and borrowings	17,457,834,352	Contractual Cash flows 17,457,834,352	Less than a year 4,103,022,776	a year 13,354,811,576
Loans and borrowings Lease liabilities	17,457,834,352 5,059,299,375	Contractual Cash flows 17,457,834,352 5,059,299,375	Less than a year 4,103,022,776 881,804,206	a year 13,354,811,576
Loans and borrowings Lease liabilities Due to related parties	17,457,834,352 5,059,299,375 41,791,239	Contractual Cash flows 17,457,834,352 5,059,299,375 41,791,239	Less than a year 4,103,022,776 881,804,206 41,791,239	a year 13,354,811,576

Liquidity risk is monitored on regular basis and to ensure adequate funding, bank facilities and other credit facilities to fulfill the Group's future obligations.

MARKET RISK

Market risk is the risk of Change in the value of financial instruments as a result of changes in market prices. Market risk includes four types of risk: commission price risk, currency risk and other price risk such as equity price risk and real estate risk.

COMMISSION RATE RISK

Commission rate risk represents the risk that the value of financial instruments will fluctuate due to changes in the commission rates prevailing in the market. The Group has no significant commission bearing long-term assets, but has commission bearing liabilities as of December 31, 2022 and March 31, 2022. The Group manages its exposure to commission rate risk by continuously monitoring movements in commission rates. The maximum exposure in material subsidiaries is as follows:

Fawaz Abdulaziz Al Hokair & Company:

It is the exposure to various risks associated with the effect of fluctuations in the prevailing commission rates on the Group's financial position and cash flows. Islamic banking facilities (Murabaha) and Sukuk amounting to SR 2,932 million at 31 December 2022 (31 March 2022: SR 2,878 million) bear financing commission charges at the prevailing market rates the group's policy is to manage its financing charges using a mix of fixed and variable commission rate debts.

Sensitivity analysis

the following table demonstrates the sensitivity of the income to reasonable possible changes in the commission rates, with all other variables held constant.

	Decem	December 31, 2022		March 31, 2022	
	Basis points	Effect on income (Saudi Riyal)	Basis points	Effect on income (Saudi Riyal)	
Commission rate					
Increase	+30	(6,370,776)	+30	(8,670,089)	
Decrease	-30	6,370,776	-30	8,670,089	

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE PERIOD FROM APRIL 1, 2022 TO DECEMBER 31, 2022

37- FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

COMMISSION RATE RISK (CONTINUED)

Arabian Centres Company

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity of the Group to a reasonably possible change, with all other variables held constant, of the Groups profit before zakat (through the impact on floating rate borrowings):

	(Saudi F	(Saudi Riyal)		
Floating rate debt:	December 31, 2022	March 31, 2022		
SIBOR/LIBOR +100bps	(24,443,708)	(27,234,157)		
SIBOR/LIBOR -100bps	24,443,708	27,234,157		

CURRENCY RISK

Currency risk represents the risks resulting from the fluctuation of the value of a financial instrument due to changes in foreign exchange rates. The management monitors fluctuations in foreign exchange rates and believes that the Group is not exposed to significant currency risks.

At the end of the year, the Group had the following significant net currency exposures in foreign currencies. Presented below are the monetary assets and liabilities, net in foreign currencies:

	(Saudi Riyal)		
Foreign currency exposures	December 31, 2022	March 31, 2022	
EUR	(50,515,697)	(65,790,460)	
USD	(54,533,287)	(40,016,661)	
GBP	(951,724)	(1,094,479)	
UAE Dirham	(1,199,899)	109,056	
SGD	(2.273.880)	-	

EQUITY PRICE RISK

The Group is exposed to equity price risks arising from equity investments. At the end of the reporting period, most of the Group's equity investments are held for strategic rather than trading purposes. The Group does not actively trade these investments.

At the reporting date, the exposure of quoted equity investments was SR 224 million (March 31, 2022: SR 223 million). A decrease of 1% on the market value could have an impact of approximately SR 2.24 million (March 31, 2022: SR 2.23 million) on the equity attributable to the Group, depending on whether the decline is significant or prolonged.

CAPITAL MANAGEMENT RISK

The Board's policy is to maintain an efficient capital base as to maintain shareholder and creditor confidence and to sustain future development of its business. The Board of Directors monitor the return on capital employed and the level of dividends to ordinary shareholders.

The Group's objectives when managing capital are:

- i. to safeguard the entity's ability to continue as a going concern, so that it can continue to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders, and to provide an adequate return to shareholders
- ii. to provide adequate return to shareholders

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE PERIOD FROM APRIL 1, 2022 TO DECEMBER 31, 2022

38- FAIR VALUE

As the Group's financial instruments are compiled under the historical cost convention, except for financial assets designated as equity securities at FVOCI which are carried at fair values, differences can arise between the book values and fair value estimates.

A) The following table shows carrying amounts and fair values of financial assets, including their levels in the fair value hierarchy. It does not include fair hierarchy value information for financial assets not measured at fair value if the carrying amount is a reasonable approximation of fair value.

Name	amount is a reasonable approximation of i	air value.		(Saudi Riyal)		
As of December 31, 2022 amount Level 1 Level 2 Level 3 Total FVOC1 – equity instruments Egyptian Centres for Real Estate Egyptian Centres for Real Estate Sevelopment Co 92,931,479 Sevelopment Co 40,933,400 \$2,931,479 \$2,931,479 \$2,931,479 \$4,933,400 \$4,614,999 \$2,614,099 \$2,614,099 \$2,614,099 \$2,614,099 \$2,614,099 \$2,614,099 \$2,614,099 \$2,614,099 \$2,614,099 \$2,614,099 <		Carrying				
Equity instruments	As of December 31, 2022		Level 1			Total
Egyptian Centres for Real Estate Development Co puvelopment						
Khomasiat Taibah Limited Group 64,933,400 - - 64,933,400 64,933,400 Yanbu Real Estate Group 68,259,597 - 68,259,597 68,269,696 7,759,966 7,759,966 7,759,966 7,759,966 7,759,966 61,78,609 61,78,609 61,78,609 61,78,609 61,78,609 61,78,609 61,18,609 61,18,609 61,18,609 62,141,409 2,214,109 2,214,109 2,214,109 2,214,109 2,214,109 2,214,10,109 249,796,436 62,20,619 - 2,217,125,564 217,125,564 217,125,564 217,125,564 217,125,564 217,125,564 217,125,564 217,125,564 217,125,564 217,123,55						
Yanbu Real Estate Group 68,259,597 - - 68,259,597 68,259,597 Hesfera GmbH 7,759,666 - 7,759,660 - 7,759,660 - 7,759,660 7,759,966 Audacia Capital 6,178,609 6,178,609 6,178,609 6,210,619 - 2,614,099 2,614,099 - 2,614,099 2,614,099 - 2,614,099 2,614,099 2,614,099 - 2,614,099 2,614,609 2,614,099 2,614,609 2,614,609 2,614,609 2,614,609 2,614,609 <	Development Co	92,931,479	-	-	92,931,479	92,931,479
Hesfera GmbH 7,759,966 - 7,759,966 7,759,966 7,759,966 7,759,966 Audacia Capital 6,178,609 - 6,178,609 6,140,09 6,220,619 - 2,641,099 6,220,619 8,08,667 898,667 898,667 70tal 6,220,619 - - 898,667 898,667 70tal 249,796,436 6,220,619 - 243,575,817 249,796,436 6,220,619 - 217,125,564 2 217,125,564 2 217,125,564 2 217,125,564 2 1,159,414 217,125,564 2 217,125,564 2 1,159,414 217,125,564 2 1,159,414 217,125,564 2 1,159,414 217,125,564 2 1,159,414 217,125,564 2 217,125,564 217,125,564 217,			-	-		
Audacia Capital 6,178,609 - 6,178,609 6,178,609 2,614,099 - 2,614,099 3,806,67 2,604,616 2,604,616 3,88,667 7,608 3,898,667 3,898,666 3,898,666 3,898,666 3,898,666 3,898,666 3,898,666 3,898,666 3,898,666 3,898,666 3,898,666 3,898,666 3,898,666 3,898,666 3,898,666 3,898,666 <td></td> <td>, ,</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td></td>		, ,	-	-		
Azizia Panda United Company 2,614,099 - 2,614,099 2,614,099 2,614,099 2,614,099 2,614,099 2,614,099 2,620,619 6,220,619 8,86,667 7 8,98,667 898,667 898,667 7 898,667 7 898,667 7 898,667 7 898,667 7 898,667 7 898,667 7 898,667 7 898,667 7 898,667 7 898,667 7 898,667 7 243,775,817 249,796,436 8 66,70 8 898,667 7 243,775,817 249,796,436 8 8 8 8 6,70 8 9 8			-	-		
Depa Limited Akwaan Properties 6,220,619 898,667 1			-	-		
Akwaan Properties 898,667 − 898,667 243,796,436 − 243,575,817 249,796,436 FVTPL - instruments Al Mubarak Real Estate Income Fund-II Al Jawhara Real Estate Fund 217,125,564 − 217,125,564 1,159,414 <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>2,614,099</td><td></td></td<>			-	-	2,614,099	
Total 249,796,436 6,220,619 — 243,575,817 249,796,436 FVTPL – instruments Al Mubarak Real Estate Income Fund-II 217,125,564 - - 217,125,564 217,125,564 1,159,414 2,17,125,564 1,25,256 1,251,251,2649 2,217,125,			6,220,619	-	000 ((7	
FVTPL – instruments Al Mubarak Real Estate Income Fund-II 217,125,564 - 217,125,564 217,125,564 217,125,564 1,159,414 - 1,159,414 <	•		(220 (10			
Al Mubarak Real Estate Income Fund-II Al Jawhara Real Estate Fund 217,125,564 - 1,159,414 - 1,159,414 1,159,414 - 1,159,414 1,159,414 - 1,159,414 1,159,414 - 1,159,414 - 1,159,414 - 1,159,414 - 1,159,414 - 1,159,414 - 1,159,414 - 2,171,235 - 2,217,235 - 2,217,235 - 2,217,235 - 2,217,235 - 2,217,235 - 2,217,235 - 2,217,235 - 2,217,235 - 2,217,235 - 2,217,235 - 2,217,235 - 2,217,235 - 2,217,235 - 2,217,235 - 2,217,235 - 2,217,235 - 2,217,235 - 2,217,235 - 2,217,235 - 2,217,235	Total	249,796,436	6,220,619		243,575,817	249,796,436
Al Mubarak Real Estate Income Fund-II Al Jawhara Real Estate Fund 217,125,564 - 1,159,414 - 1,159,414 1,159,414 - 1,159,414 1,159,414 - 1,159,414 1,159,414 - 1,159,414 - 1,159,414 - 1,159,414 - 1,159,414 - 1,159,414 - 1,159,414 - 2,171,235 - 2,217,235 - 2,217,235 - 2,217,235 - 2,217,235 - 2,217,235 - 2,217,235 - 2,217,235 - 2,217,235 - 2,217,235 - 2,217,235 - 2,217,235 - 2,217,235 - 2,217,235 - 2,217,235 - 2,217,235 - 2,217,235 - 2,217,235 - 2,217,235 - 2,217,235 - 2,217,235	EVTDI instruments					
Al Jawhara Real Estate Fund 1,159,414 - 4,2171,235 - 42,17		217 125 564	_	_	217 125 564	217 125 564
Derivative assets 42,171,235 - 42,171,235 - 42,171,235 - 200,456,213 - 42,171,235 - 200,456,213 - 200,456			_	_		, ,
Total 260,456,213 (510,252,649) - 42,171,235 (218,284,978) 260,456,213 (202,619) - 42,171,235 (202,619) 218,284,978 (204,562,649) 260,456,213 (202,619) - 42,171,235 (202,619) 218,284,978 (204,562,619) 260,456,213 (202,619) - 42,171,235 (202,619) 218,284,978 (204,619) 260,456,213 (202,619) - 42,171,235 (202,619) 218,284,978 (204,619) 260,456,213 (202,619) - 42,171,235 (202,619) 461,860,795 (202,619) - 510,252,649 - 202,246 - 202,246 - 202,246 - 202,246 - 202,2468,599 (202,2468,599) - 202,2468,599 (202,2468,599 (202,2468,599) - 202,2468,599 (202,2		, ,	_	42,171,235	-,200,121	
Total 510,252,649 6,220,619 42,171,235 461,860,795 510,252,649 Carrying amount Fair value Exercise Develor of Real Estate Development Co 740,119,547 1 - 1 - 10,119,547 740,119,5					218,284,978	
As of March 31, 2022 Carrying amount Level 1 Level 2 Level 3 Total FVOCI – equity instruments Egyptian Centres for Real Estate Powelopment Co 740,119,547 - - 740,119,547 91,419,28 91,41	Total		6,220,619			
As of March 31, 2022 Carrying amount Level 1 Level 2 Level 3 Total FVOCI – equity instruments Egyptian Centres for Real Estate Powelopment Co 740,119,547 - - 740,119,547 91,419,28 91,41				_		
As of March 31, 2022 amount Level 1 Level 2 Level 3 Total						
FVOCI - equity instruments Egyptian Centres for Real Estate 5740,119,547 - - 740,119,547 69,147,028 69,147,028 69,147,028 69,147,028 69,147,028 69,147,028 69,147,028 69,147,028 69,147,028 69,147,028 69,147,028 69,147,028 145,923,611 <td>A CM 1 21 2022</td> <td></td> <td>T 11</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>TD + 1</td>	A CM 1 21 2022		T 11			TD + 1
Egyptian Centres for Real Estate Development Co 740,119,547 - - 740,119,547 740,119,547 Marakez for Real Estate for Investments 203,468,599 - - 203,468,599 203,468,599 Khomasiat Taibah Limited Group 69,147,028 - - 69,147,028 69,147,028 Yanbu Real Estate Group 45,923,611 - - 45,923,611 45,923,611 Azizia Panda United Company 3,934,023 - - 3,934,023 3,934,023 Audacia Capital 6,036,921 - - 6,036,921 6,036,921 Depa Limited 3,998,969 3,998,969 - - - 3,998,969 Akwaan Properties 898,666 - - 898,666 898,666 Total 1,073,527,364 3,998,969 - 1,069,528,395 1,073,527,364 As of March 31, 2022 amount Level 1 Level 2 Level 3 Total		amount	Level I	Level 2	Level 3	<u>I otal</u>
Development Co						
Marakez for Real Estate for Investments 203,468,599 - - 203,468,599 203,468,599 Khomasiat Taibah Limited Group 69,147,028 - - 69,147,028 69,147,028 Yanbu Real Estate Group 45,923,611 - - 45,923,611 46,036,921 60,36,921 60,36,921 60,36,921 60,36,921 60,36,921 60,36,921 60,36,921 60,36,921 60,36,921 60,36,921 60,36,921 60,36,921 60,36,921 60,36,921		740 110 547			740 110 547	740 110 547
Khomasiat Taibah Limited Group 69,147,028 - - 69,147,028 69,147,028 Yanbu Real Estate Group 45,923,611 - - 45,923,611 45,923,611 Azizia Panda United Company 3,934,023 - - 3,934,023 3,934,023 Audacia Capital 6,036,921 - - 6,036,921 6,036,921 Depa Limited 3,998,969 3,998,969 - - - 3,998,969 Akwaan Properties 898,666 - - - 898,666 898,666 Total 1,073,527,364 3,998,969 - 1,069,528,395 1,073,527,364 As of March 31, 2022 amount Level 1 Level 2 Level 3 Total			_			
Yanbu Real Estate Group 45,923,611 - - 45,923,611 45,923,611 Azizia Panda United Company 3,934,023 - - 3,934,023 3,934,023 Audacia Capital 6,036,921 - - 6,036,921 6,036,921 Depa Limited 3,998,969 3,998,969 - - - 3,998,969 Akwaan Properties 898,666 - - - 898,666 898,666 Total 1,073,527,364 3,998,969 - 1,069,528,395 1,073,527,364 As of March 31, 2022 amount Level 1 Level 2 Level 3 Total			_			
Azizia Panda United Company Audacia Capital 6,036,921 6,036,921 6,036,921 Depa Limited 3,998,969 Akwaan Properties 898,666 Total Carrying As of March 31, 2022 As of March 31, 2022 3,934,023 6,036,921 - 6,036,921 3,998,969 3,998,969 3,998,969 1,069,528,395 - 1,073,527,364 (Saudi Riyal) Carrying Fair value Level 1 Level 2 Level 3 Total			_	_		
Audacia Capital 6,036,921 - - 6,036,921 6,036,921 Depa Limited 3,998,969 3,998,969 - - - 3,998,969 Akwaan Properties 898,666 - - - 898,666 898,666 Total 1,073,527,364 3,998,969 - 1,069,528,395 1,073,527,364 Carrying Fair value As of March 31, 2022 amount Level 1 Level 2 Level 3 Total			_	_		
Depa Limited 3,998,969 3,998,969 - - 3,998,969 Akwaan Properties 898,666 - - 898,666 898,666 Total 1,073,527,364 3,998,969 - 1,069,528,395 1,073,527,364 Carrying Fair value As of March 31, 2022 amount Level 1 Level 2 Level 3 Total			_	_		
Akwaan Properties 898,666 - - 898,666 898,666 898,666 Total 1,073,527,364 3,998,969 - 1,069,528,395 1,073,527,364 (Saudi Riyal) Carrying Fair value As of March 31, 2022 amount Level 1 Level 2 Level 3 Total		3,998,969	3,998,969	-	-	
(Saudi Riyal) Carrying Fair value As of March 31, 2022 amount Level 1 Level 2 Level 3 Total		898,666	-	-	898,666	
As of March 31, 2022 amount Level 1 Level 2 Level 3 Total	Total	1,073,527,364	3,998,969		1,069,528,395	1,073,527,364
As of March 31, 2022 amount Level 1 Level 2 Level 3 Total						
As of March 31, 2022 amount Level 1 Level 2 Level 3 Total		<u> </u>				
	A C.M 1 21 2022		T1.1			Tr.4.1
		amount	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	1 otai
Al Mubarak Real Estate Income Fund-II 213,430,656 - 213,430,656 - 213,430,656		213 430 656		213 430 656		213 430 656
Al Jawhara Real Estate Fund 6,597,972 - 6,597,972 6,597,972			-	213, 4 30,030 -	6 597 972	
Derivative assets 34,698,040 34,698,040 - 34,698,040			_	34,698,040	0,571,712	
254,726,668 - 248,128,696 6,597,972 254,726,668	2011.401.0 400000				6.597.972	
Total 1,328,254,032 3,998,969 248,128,696 1,076,126,367 1,328,254,032	Total					

(A SAUDI CLOSED JOINT STOCK COMAPANY)

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE PERIOD FROM APRIL 1, 2022 TO DECEMBER 31, 2022

38- FAIR VALUE (CONTINUED)

Measurement of fair values:

The following tables show the valuation techniques and significant unobservable inputs:

Type

Valuation technique and significant unobservable inputs

Equity securities at FVOCI

The valuation model is based on discounted cash flows and considers the present value of the expected future income receivable under lease agreements and forecast take-up of vacant units, discounted using a risk-adjusted discount rate. The estimate is adjusted for the net debt of the investee.

Significant unobservable inputs include expected cash flows and risk adjusted discount rate. The estimated fair value would increase (decrease) if:

- the expected cash flows were higher (lower); or
- the risk-adjusted discount rate was lower (higher).

Investment properties

Independent third parties named "Valustrat Consulting" have performed the valuation of the investment properties using the comparative approach. This method requires the collection of comparative market transactions that have occurred within the location of the subject site. Upon analysis and subsequent subjective adjustments, such evidence has then been applied to the subject property.

The Valuers have appropriate qualifications and experience in the valuation of properties at the relevant locations and prepared in accordance with Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors ("RICS") Professional Standards (2017) ("Standards") which comply with the international valuation standards.

Derivative assets

The fair value is calculated as the present value of the estimated future cash flows. Estimates of future floating-rate cash flows are based on quoted swap rates, futures prices and interbank borrowing rates. Estimated cash flows are discounted using a yield curve constructed from similar sources and which reflects the relevant benchmark interbank rate used by market participants for this purpose when pricing interest rate swaps. The fair value estimate is subject to a credit risk adjustment that reflects the credit risk of the Group and of the counterparty; this is calculated based on credit spreads derived from current credit default swap or bond prices.

(A SAUDI CLOSED JOINT STOCK COMAPANY)

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE PERIOD FROM APRIL 1, 2022 TO DECEMBER 31, 2022

39- RESTATEMENT NOTE

The following table summarizes the impacts on the consolidated financial statements for the current period and prior periods presented (including the earliest presented period).

Extracted consolidated statement of financial position for the year ended March 31, 2022:

	(Saudi Riyal)			
_	As previously	Adjustments/	Reclassifications	
March 31, 2022	reported	Restatement (A)	(B)	As restated
ASSETS				
Non-current Assets				
Investment property	13,023,699,421	8,879,469,527	3,495,893,400	25,399,062,348
Right of use assets	4,273,763,135	(123,373,205)	(2,900,541,380)	1,249,848,550
Derivative assets	29,616,914	-	5,081,126	34,698,040
Advance to contractor, non-current	595,352,020	<u>-</u>	(595,352,020)	-
Total non-current assets	23,256,500,919	8,756,096,322	5,081,126	32,012,597,241
Current assets				
Inventories	2,864,073,603	464,355,555	=	3,328,429,158
Prepaid expenses and other current				
assets	495,525,676		(5,081,126)	490,444,550
Total non-current assets	5,163,906,518	464,355,555	(5,081,126)	5,623,180,947
TOTAL ASSETS	28,420,407,437	9,220,451,877	<u>-</u>	37,640,859,314
EQUITY				
Other reserves	(419,278,711)	-	29,962,623	(389,316,088)
Retained earnings	1,829,047,888	7,708,449,864	(29,962,623)	9,507,535,129
Total shareholders' equity	1,424,769,177	7,708,449,864		9,133,219,041
Noncontrolling interest	1,431,468,031	1,631,875,953	=	3,063,343,984
TOTAL EQUITY	2,856,237,208	9,340,325,817		12,196,563,025
Non-current liabilities				
Lease liabilities - non-current	4,262,348,039	(84,852,870)		4,177,495,169
Total Non-current liabilities	17,894,165,539	(84,852,870)	-	17,809,312,669
Current Liabilities			_	_
Lease liabilities - current portion	1,041,325,484	(159,521,278)	=	881,804,206
Accrued expenses and other credit				
balances	1,082,118,364	71,203,952	-	1,153,322,316
Zakat and income taxes	145,450,325	53,296,256		198,746,581
Total current liabilities	7,670,004,690	(35,021,070)	=	7,634,983,620
TOTAL LIABILITIES	25,564,170,229	(119,873,940)	-	25,444,296,289
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND			· -	
EQUITY	28,420,407,437	9,220,451,877	<u>-</u>	37,640,859,314

Extracted consolidated statement of comprehensive income for the year ended March 31, 2022:

(Saudi Riyal)			
As previously	Adjustments/	Reclassifications	
reported	Restatement (A)	(B)	As restated
(4,895,088,936)	1,270,873	<u> </u>	(4,893,818,063)
2,975,860,422	1,270,873	-	2,977,131,295
(470,087,127)	182,345,315	-	(287,741,812)
(343,171,349)	343,171,349	<u> </u>	-
902,377,920	526,787,537	-	1,429,165,457
(232,744,651)	58,809,369	-	(173,935,282)
-	-	(1,807,212)	(1,807,212)
-	(210,592,580)	=	(210,592,580)
(123,997,918)	(125,626,598)	1,807,212	(247,817,304)
(27,457,971)	249,377,728	<u> </u>	221,919,757
(153,984,985)	249,377,728		95,392,743
	reported (4,895,088,936) 2,975,860,422 (470,087,127) (343,171,349) 902,377,920 (232,744,651) (123,997,918) (27,457,971)	As previously reported Restatement (A) (4,895,088,936) 1,270,873 2,975,860,422 1,270,873 (470,087,127) 182,345,315 (343,171,349) 343,171,349 902,377,920 526,787,537 (232,744,651) 58,809,369 (210,592,580) (123,997,918) (125,626,598) (27,457,971) 249,377,728	As previously reported Restatement (A) (B) (4,895,088,936) 1,270,873 - 2,975,860,422 1,270,873 - (470,087,127) 182,345,315 - (343,171,349) 343,171,349 - 902,377,920 526,787,537 - (232,744,651) 58,809,369 - - (1,807,212) - (210,592,580) - (123,997,918) (125,626,598) 1,807,212 (27,457,971) 249,377,728 -

(A SAUDI CLOSED JOINT STOCK COMAPANY)

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE PERIOD FROM APRIL 1, 2022 TO DECEMBER 31, 2022

39- RESTATEMENT NOTE (CONTINUED)

Extracted consolidated statement of financial position for the year ended April 1, 2021:

	(Saudi Riyal)			
_	As previously	Adjustments/	Reclassifications	_
<u>April 1, 2021</u>	reported	Restatement (A)	(B)	As restated
ASSETS				
Non-current Assets				
Investment properties	13,356,779,060	9,325,809,111	3,702,807,103	26,385,395,274
Right of use assets	4,428,855,457	(123,960,975)	(3,120,337,744)	1,184,556,738
Advance to a contractor to a related				
party, non-current	582,469,359	=	(582,469,359)	=
Total non-current assets	24,340,669,377	9,201,848,136	<u>-</u>	33,542,517,513
Current Assets				
Inventories	1,152,442,371	(305,394,445)	_	847,047,926
Assets held for sale	4,674,647	(303,371,113)	(4,674,647)	-
Total current assets	3,473,980,067	(305,394,445)	(4,674,647)	3,163,910,975
Assets held for sale	3,173,200,007	(303,371,113)	4,674,647	4,674,647
TOTAL ASSETS	27,814,649,444	8,896,453,691		36,711,103,135
EQUITY	27,011,012,111	0,000,100,001		30,711,103,133
Other reserves	(362,103,649)	_	29,962,583	(332,141,066)
Retained earnings	2,263,695,370	7,528,075,900	(29,962,583)	9,761,808,687
Total shareholders' equity	1,916,591,721	7,528,075,900		9,444,667,621
Non-controlling interest	1,337,993,663	1,608,118,923	-	2,946,112,586
TOTAL EQUITY	3,254,585,384	9,136,194,823	-	12,390,780,207
Non-current liabilities	- , - , ,	- , ,	=	,,
Lease liabilities - non-current	4,184,627,193	(159,127,501)	-	4,025,499,692
Total non-current liabilities	19,384,107,789	(159,127,501)	-	19,224,980,288
-	_		_	
Current Liabilities	1 141 020 002	(112 000 000)		1 020 020 002
Lease liabilities - Current portion	1,141,938,002	(112,000,000)	-	1,029,938,002
Accrued expenses and other credit balances	818,245,637	(21,909,887)		796,335,750
Zakat and income taxes	92,059,930	53,296,256	-	145,356,186
				
Total current liabilities	5,175,956,271	(80,613,631)	- -	5,095,342,640
TOTAL LIABILITIES	24,560,064,060	(239,741,132)		24,320,322,928
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	27,814,649,444	8,896,453,691	-	36,711,103,135
~ =	. , - , - , - , - , - , - , - , - , - ,	-,,,		-,- ,,

Summary of the impact on the total equity attributable to parent company and non-controlling interests were as followings:

	(Saudi Riyal)
	April 1, 2021
Total equity before restatement	3,254,585,384
Impact of fair valuation of investment properties (i)	9,325,809,111
Impact of IFRS 16 restatement on right of use (ii)	(123,960,975)
Impact of inventory provision restatement (iii)	(305,394,445)
Impact of IFRS 16 restatement on lease liability (ii)	271,127,501
Other impact on accrued expenses and other current liabilities (ii)	21,909,887
Impact of Zakat provision (v)	(53,296,256)
Total equity after restatement	12,390,780,207
Restatement impact attributable to:	
Parent Company	7,528,075,900
Non-controlling interests	1,608,118,923

(A SAUDI CLOSED JOINT STOCK COMAPANY)

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE PERIOD FROM APRIL 1, 2022 TO DECEMBER 31, 2022

39- RESTATEMENT NOTE (CONTINUED)

Summary of the impact on the total equity attributable to parent company and non-controlling interests were as followings:

(Saudi Riyal)
March 31, 2022
2,856,237,208
8,879,469,527
(123,373,205)
(305,394,445)
769,750,000
244,374,148
(71,203,952)
(53,296,256)
12,196,563,025
7,708,449,864
1,631,875,953

Explanatory notes:

- (A) The impact of adjustments/ restatement is explained as follows:
- (i) On June 29, 2022, the Board of Directors of the parent and subsidiaries Group approved the change in accounting policy for subsequent measurement of the Group's investment properties from cost model to fair value model. The impact of change in accounting policy has been reflected by restating each of the affected consolidated financial statement line items for prior periods.
- (ii) During the year 2023, one of the subsidiary's lease contracts database review was completed by Management and the 3rd party consultant. The review included assessing the accuracy and completeness of information included in the database and the proper recalculations of IFRS 16 models, in accordance with the requirements of International Financial Reporting Standard "IFRS" 16 as endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia. As a result of such adjusting subsequent event the impact for the restatement has been taken in the relevant period.
- (iii) In December 2022, one of the subsidiary's management identified inventory shortage at a few locations during the physical count exercise. On investigation of that matter, Management discovered that shortage is coming from prior period and didn't captured due to computational error in a physical stock count results for Inventory in prior period. This error resulted in a material overstatement of inventory recognised for the period ending 31 March 21 and prior financial years. The error has been corrected by restating each of the affected financial statement line items for the prior periods.
- (iv) During March 2022, the Parent Company sold a parcel of land to its wholly owned subsidiary, recognizing a gain based on the cost model. As an intercompany transaction, this gain was eliminated in the consolidated financial statements. Following the Group's policy change from the cost model to the fair value model, land is now measured at fair value, eliminating the need for intercompany gain adjustments. As a result, the previously eliminated gain has been reinstated, aligning the financial statements with the new policy.
- (v) During the year 2022, one of the subsidiary's management reassessed its position regarding open cases with ZATCA relating to VAT for a period of April 2020 to March 2021 and Custom for a period of 2015 to 2019 and identified that the provision for these cases was understated as of 31 March 2021. This error resulted in a material understatement of Zakat and taxation provision for the period ending 31 March 21. The error has been corrected by restating SR 53 million each of the affected financial statement line items for the prior periods.
- (B) The impact of reclassification is explained as follows:
- (vi) Reclassifications represent reclassification of advances to contractor for projects and right-of-use assets to investment properties for better and consistent presentation in the consolidated financial statements and to align with the policy change in investment properties from cost to fair value model.
- (vii) Other reclassifications have been made to ensure the better and consistent presentation in the consolidated financial statements in addition, certain prior year amounts in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and consolidated statement of cash flows have been reclassified to conform to the presentation in the current period.

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE PERIOD FROM APRIL 1, 2022 TO DECEMBER 31, 2022

40- DIVIDENDS

As on December 31, 2022, the shareholders decided to distribute dividends with a total amount of SR 2,017,543,309.

As on May 31 2021 and June 30, 2021, the shareholders decided to distribute dividends with a total amount of SR 188.179.026.

41- SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The following are the material subsequent events as of date of these consolidated financial statements:

- One November 26, 2023, the Group has disposed of its investments in both associates of the Group namely Hajen Development Group and Developer Information Agency Co. (Signlab).
- The board of directors on July 1, 2023, of the Group decided to create a real estate development fund owned by the Group ("fund") and transfer the investment property in Muzdalfa land (Note 6) to the fund for further development. The fund will be managed by a CMA-licensed asset management Group.
- The Ministry of Finance has issued a resolution ("MR") numbered 29791, dated Jumada Al-Awwal 9th, 1444H (corresponding to 3 December 2022) publishing certain zakat filing rules to be complied by investment funds in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia, applicable for the financial year 2023. According to the MR the Group Company, Alinma Dhahiat Al Riyadh Real Estate Fund is not subject to zakat or tax, however, will be required to file certain financial information with Zakat, Tax and Customs Authority.
- On January 24, 2023, the shareholders of Arabian centers company approved the establishment by the Company of a Shari'a compliant Sukuk Program up to SR 4,500,000,000 for a period of two years from the establishment date, which may be issued from time to time domestically in a single or multiple issuance, in accordance with its long-term policy to move the Company to more flexible, unsecured public markets financing.
- On July 25, 2023, one of the Group subsidiary i.e. Fawaz Abdulaziz Alhokair & Co. (Cenomi Retail) announces receiving a notice for the termination and liquidation of Al-Mubarak Real Estate Fund 2, in which the company owns 33.33% of the fund's total units.
 - It is worth noting that the liquidation process follows the sale of the fund's assets at a value of SR 1.53 billion. The fund manager decided to distribute a first tranche in the amount of SR 360,000,000, equivalent to 60% of the nominal value of the investment units of the Fund. The company will receive an amount of SR 120 million, 33.33% of the total of the first tranche distribution. Worth noting that the total book value as at December 31, 2022 of the company share in the fund was SR 217 million.
- On July 25, 2023, One of Group subsidiary i.e. FAS Labs has obtained the Saudi Central Bank's Final approval to license FAS Finance Company to provide consumer microfinance solutions through financial technology. Cenomi Retail announces that FAS Labs has obtained the Saudi Central Bank's Final approval to license FAS Finance Company to provide consumer microfinance solutions through financial technology On July 25, 2023, Cenomi Retail ultimate ownership in FAS Finance will stand at 32.5% through its 50% stake in FAS Labs.
- Cenomi Retail, Saudi Arabia's pioneering retail brand partner, has signed a share purchase agreement on December 6, 2023 for the acquisition by Abdullah Al-Othaim Fashion Company, a fully owned subsidiary of Abdullah Al-Othaim Investment Company, of 100% of the share capital of Innovative Outfit Trading Company ("Target Company"), a subsidiary of Cenomi Retail, that will own the franchise rights for 18 of its brands and their related assets. The sale forms part of Cenomi Retail's on-going transformation program and strategy of focusing on Champion Brands. Cenomi Retail will use the net proceeds from the sale to deleverage the business and focus on Champion brands within the Fashion, Electronics and Food & Beverage categories.
- With reference to the Company's announcement on 23/05/1445H corresponding to 07/12/2023G relating to the Signing of a share purchase agreement with Abdullah Al-Othaim Fashion Company to Sell a subsidiary that will own the franchise rights for 18 Brands Delivering on Transformation Promise. The company announces the completion of the share purchase agreement for Innovative Outfit Trading Company, a subsidiary of Cenomi Retail, after obtaining the necessary approvals and completing the agreed upon commercial and regulatory conditions.
- Fawaz Abdulaziz Alhokair & Co (Cenomi Retail) the pioneering retail brand partner of choice in Saudi Arabia and international markets, has signed a variation agreement of the Share Purchase Agreement dated 15/07/1444H (corresponding to 06/12/2023G) with Abdullah Al-Othaim Fashion Company, a fully owned subsidiary of Abdullah Al-Othaim Investment Company (Al Othaim) to sell the franchise rights for an additional 5 Brands: Aldo & Aldo Accessories, Charles & Keith, Pedro and La Vie En Rose, operated by Cenomi Retail and their related assets.
- On September 5, 2023, one of the Group subsidiary i.e. Fawaz Abdulaziz Alhokair Co. Announces Board's Recommendation to decrease the Company's Capital and Board Approval of a program to sell non-essential brands.

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE PERIOD FROM APRIL 1, 2022 TO DECEMBER 31, 2022

42- COMPARATIVE FIGURES

Comparative figures for the year ended March 31, 2022, have been reclassified to conform to the presentation and classification for current period.

43- APPROVAL OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

These consolidated financial statements approved by the Board of Directors on Jumada al-Thani 29, 1446 H (Corresponding to December 31, 2024).